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SERIES B. NO.

### UTILIZATION OF MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES 1971

ANALYTICAL AND SPECIAL STUDY REPORTS

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

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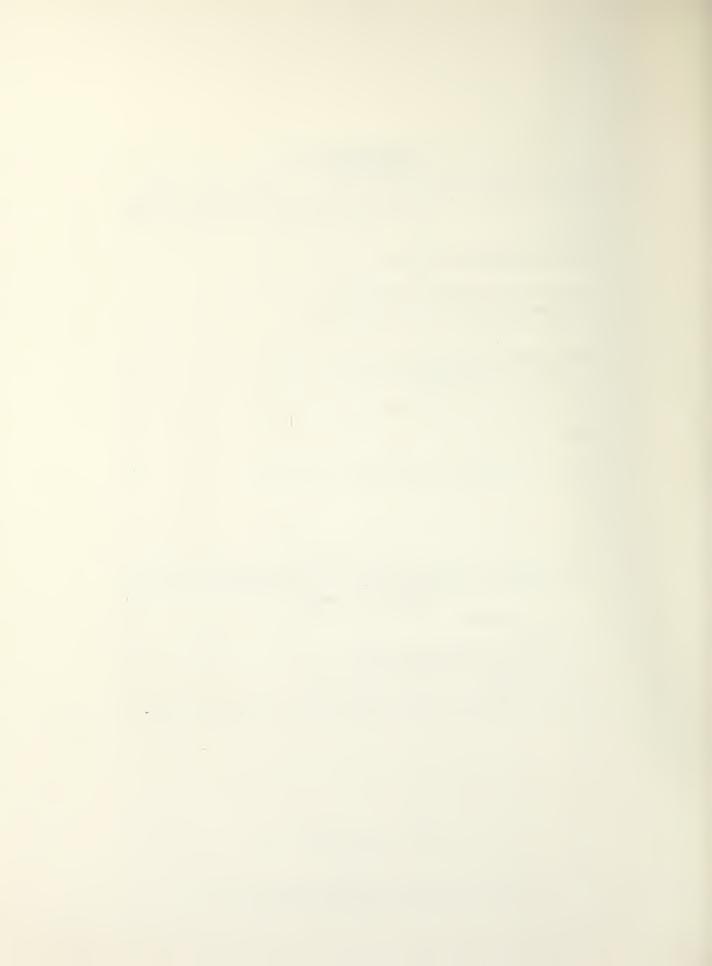
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SYMBOLS IN TABLES	
Category not applicable	
Quantity Zero	-
Percent greater than 0, but less than 0.05	0.0
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### UTILIZATION OF MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES-1971

### SUMMARY

During 1971, there were over 2.7 million admission episodes to 3,200 mental health facilities in the United States, an admission rate of 1,327 per 100,000 population. About 2 out of every 3 admissions were to public mental health facilities, even though only about half (46.3 percent) of the facilities were operated under public auspices. This is due to the differences in size of public vs. private programs, with the latter being smaller on the average than the former.

Of the total admissions, 1,269,029, or 47 percent were to inpatient services; 1,378,822, or 50 percent were to outpatient services; and 75,545, or three percent were to day treatment services. Of the total admissions to inpatient and outpatient services combined, 36 percent were under 24 years of age, 38 percent were 25–44 years of age, 22 percent were 45–64 years old, and five percent were 65 or older. Males accounted for 52 percent of the total admissions. Nonwhite admissions constituted 17 percent of the total, with an admission rate (1,696 per 100,000 population) 45 percent higher than the white rate (1,173 per 100,000 population).

This paper discusses the number and types of mental health facilities in operation in January 1972 and the service modalities (inpatient, outpatient, and day treatment services) provided by these facilities; the differential admission rates to these facilities by age, sex, color and diagnosis during 1971; and the distribution of patient care episodes in these facilities.

### SOURCES AND QUALIFICATIONS OF THE DATA

This paper combines data from six independent surveys conducted by NIMH over the interval 1970 and 1971. Each survey generated data on admissions for a year interval, approximately equal to June 1970-July 1971. Reference in the text and tables all appear as "1971."

In looking at the utilization of mental health facilities two basic indices are used: a) the number of admission episodes to mental health facilities, and b) the number of patient care episodes in these

facilities. These indices should not be viewed respectively as approximating the incidence and annual prevalence of treated mental disorder. The data presented in this paper do not represent the true incidence or prevalence rate for mental illness since those cases of the disease which do not come under care in a mental health facility have not been included. In order to better understand what the two indices mean, the differences between "admission episodes" and "incidence" and between "patient care episodes" and "prevalence" will be briefly discussed.

In a true incidence rate, an unduplicated count of all persons experiencing the disease (or disorder) for the first time is related to the population at risk. Total admission episodes during the year (which include new admissions, readmissions and returns from leave) cannot represent "true incidence," as was indicated above, or even the "incidence of treated illness," since there is a duplicate count of persons. Two types of duplication can occur, namely: a) the same person may be admitted more than once to a particular facility during the year, that is, the same person is counted as many times as he is admitted, and b) the same person may be admitted to two or more different facilities during the year and each admission to each facility is counted. Even if an unduplicated count of admissions could be obtained (when both types of duplication are taken into account), it would still overstate the "incidence of treated illness" since there is no assurance that these admissions represent only persons experiencing the disease or disorder for the first time in the time period under consideration.

Prevalence, in the epidemiological sense, is defined as the total number of cases of a disease present in a defined population group, either as of a specific moment in time (point prevalence)\* or, during a specific interval of time (interval prevalence)\*\*.

<sup>\*</sup>Point prevalence—the ratio of the number of cases of a disease in a defined population to the number of people in that population as of a given date.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Interval prevalence—the number of cases at the beginning of the interval of observation plus the number of new ones added during the interval.

In this paper the concept of patient care episodes is the nearest approximation that can be made to the concept of interval prevalence. Patient care episodes are defined as the number of residents in inpatient facilities at the beginning of the year (or the number of persons on the rolls of noninpatient facilities) plus the total additions to these facilities during the year. In a true interval prevalence there are two components: a) an unduplicated count of cases at the beginning of the interval, and b) an unduplicated count of new cases added during the interval. However, with respect to patient care episodes neither of these two components can be closely approximated since total additions which would be the nearest equivalent to the latter component involves, as indicated above, a duplicate counting of persons. A duplicate counting of persons also occurs in the approximation to the other component of interval prevalence, that is, the number of cases at the beginning of the interval. This component is derived by summing the number of residents in inpatient facilities and the number of persons on the rolls of noninpatient facilities at the beginning of the year. Duplication does not occur in counting inpatient residents, since it is not physically possible for a given individual to be resident in two different types of inpatient services at one time. However, it is possible for one individual to be on the rolls of an outpatient clinic and also participating in a day care program or perhaps be on the rolls of two different outpatient clinics at the same time. Consequently, some duplicate counting of persons occurs in approximating the number of cases at the beginning of the interval.

The two indices, additions and patient care episodes, therefore, are not equal to the true incidence or annual prevalence, nor the incidence or annual prevalence of treated mental disorders, since episodes of care are counted rather than cases. However, they do present useful measures of the volume of services utilized by persons with mental disorders and as such are useful in describing the distribution of episodes by age, sex, modality and type of facility.

Mental health facilities as used in this paper include Veterans Administration neuropsychiatric hospitals, State and county mental hospitals, and proprietary and nonprofit psychiatric hospitals, general hospitals with separate psychiatric services (either inpatient, outpatient or day treatment services), residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children, free-standing psychiatric day treatment facilities, outpatient psychiatric clinics,

federally funded community mental health centers, and other multi-service mental health facilities.

Most of the psychiatric inpatient units in the general medical and surgical hospitals of the Veterans Administration closely resemble short-stay psychiatric hospitals both in size and operation. (Characteristics of the psychiatric inpatient services such as bed size, staffing, etc., can be found in *Psychiatric Services in General Hospitals 1969–1970*, Mental Health Statistics, Series A, Number 11, National Institute of Mental Health.) For this reason, these units are grouped together with the VA neuropsychiatric hospitals in one category labeled "VA psychiatric services."

Mental health care is provided in settings other than mental health facilities, mainly by mental health professionals in private practice, and by medical facilities such as, neighborhood health centers, nursing homes, and general hospitals without separate psychiatric services, but providing psychiatric treatment in the general medical services of the hospital. Two of these settings account for the majority of the mental health care provided outside of organized mental health facilities—general hospital non-psychiatric services and the private practice of psychiatry.

There are no current reliable data on the number of persons under the care of private psychiatrists during a year interval. Informal estimates derived from various pieces of information supplied by the American Psychiatric Association would seem to indicate that the number is in the order of 750,000 to 1,200,000 persons. These estimates have been derived as follows:

- a. A 1965 APA survey indicated that the average number of persons under care during a sample week was 22 per psychiatrist (those psychiatrists reporting that they spent 1+ hours per week in private practice).
- b. A 1970 APA survey indicated that there were 8,550 psychiatrists who devoted 1+ hours to private practice.
- c. Assuming different average stays per patient, estimates of the yearly number of persons under care are as follows:

Yearly Number of Persons

Average Stay	Under Care
6 months	376,000
4 months	750,000
2 months	1,200,000

A sizable number of these patients however, will, while under the care of the private psychiatrist,

be admitted to an inpatient facility during the year, and are counted as inpatient admissions in the data shown in this report.

With regard to psychiatric care in general hospitals, somewhat dated information indicates that in any given year, about sixty percent of the general hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of a psychiatric disorder are discharged from general hospitals which have a separate psychiatric inpatient unit. Classifying general hospitals by the type of psychiatric inpatient services, estimates for 1967 indicate that discharges with a primary psychiatric diagnosis were distributed as follows:

	Number	Percent
Total discharges with a pri-		
mary diagnosis of mental		
disorder from all general		
hospitals	753,000	100.0
Discharges from separate psy-		
chiatric inpatient units	454,000	60.3
Discharges from general hos-		

pitals accepting psychiatric	Number	Percent
patients for diagnosis and		
treatment but with no sepa-		
rate psychiatric unit	125,000	16.6
Discharges from general hos-		
pitals admitting persons with		
known or suspected psychi-		
atric illness on an emergency		
basis only or those who do		
not normally admit such		
patients	174,000	23.1

This paper includes data on only those general hospitals with separate psychiatric services, about 60 percent of the total psychiatric discharges from general hospitals.

Mental health facilities for the purpose of this analysis have been classified into two groups: public (Federal, State, local government controlled) or private (for profit, nonprofit, church). Federally funded community mental health centers have been counted as public for the purposes of this paper.

# THE COMPONENTS OF THE MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM— NUMBER AND TYPES OF MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES UNITED STATES 1972

The distribution of mental health resources may be described either in terms of types of facilities (e.g., psychiatric hospitals, outpatient clinics, etc.) or in terms of the types of treatment modalities (inpatient, outpatient and day treatment services) or both. Table 1 shows the number and percent distribution of types of facilities and the treatment modalities provided by these facilities as of January 1972.

In terms of types of facilities, 1,123, or 35 percent, of the 3,200 mental health facilities were free-standing outpatient clinics, 770, or 24 percent, were general hospitals providing separate psychiatric services, 482, or 15 percent, were psychiatric hospitals, 344, or 11 percent, were residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children, 295, or 9 percent, were federally funded community mental health centers. Overall 46 percent of the facilities were operated under public auspices, and 54 percent under nonpublic auspices, (Table A).

TABLE A. DISTRIBUTION OF PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT, OUTPATIENT AND DAY TREATMENT SERVICES AND ADMISSIONS TO THESE SERVICES BY PUBLIC VS. NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, UNITED STATES January 1972

Type of	Auspices			
Service	Total	Public	Nonpublic	
	Percent Distribution of Services			
ll Facilities	100.0%	46.3%	53.7%	
Inpatient services	100.0	46.0	54.0	
Outpatient Services	100.0	57.5	42.5	
Day Care Services	100.0	63.7	36.3	
	Percent Dis	tribution of Admiss	ions	
ll Facilities	100.0%	70.7%	29.3%	
npatient Services	100.0	67.2	32.B	
utpatient Services	100.0	70.6	29.4	
ay Care Services	100.0	7B.2	21.8	

In terms of treatment modalities, these were 1,917 inpatient services, 2,279 outpatient services, and 989 day treatment services. About 46 percent of the inpatient services, 58 percent of the outpatient services, and 64 percent of the day treatment services were under public auspices.

Over a third of the inpatient services are located in general hospitals, a quarter in psychiatric hospitals, almost a fifth in residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children, and almost a sixth in community mental health centers.

About half of the outpatient services are located in free-standing outpatient psychiatric clinics, the other half are outpatient services of mental health facilities. Of those outpatient services affiliated with mental health facilities, about 28 percent are located in general hospitals, 29 percent in psychiatric hospitals and 26 percent in federally funded community mental health centers.

Day treatment services, unlike outpatient services, are provided primarily within the program of a mental health facility offering also inpatient and/or outpatient care. Only 3.4 percent of the 989 day treatment services are free-standing. Day treatment services in CMHC's account for 30 percent of the total such services: psychiatric hospitals—21 percent; general hospitals—18 percent; and outpatient clinics—15 percent.

Looking at only the distribution of the number of facilities or services, however, gives an incorrect picture of the relative importance of each in the total mental health system, in terms of the number of persons served. Because there are major differences in the average size of the different facility types and services, it is important to look at the distribution of admissions to these facilities and services, (Table 2), and for inpatient services, the average or year-end resident population in addition to the number of admissions (Table 3).

Differences in size of program are most pronounced for inpatient services. State and county mental hospitals, for example, account for only 17 percent of the total number of inpatient services, but they account for 32 percent of the admissions and 78 percent of the resident patients at the end of the year in inpatient services. This is because the State mental hospitals have a large resident population (an average of over 1,000 per hospital) relative to other types of inpatient facilities. The next largest are VA psychiatric inpatient services with an average

of 337 residents per facility. All other inpatient services average well under 100 residents.

For this reason it is useful to look at the distribution of patient care episodes (see introduction for a definition and discussion of this item) rather than admission episodes for inpatient services. In terms of the number of inpatient care episodes, State and county mental hospitals account for 42 percent of the total, followed by general hospitals (31 percent), VA psychiatric services (10 percent), CMHC (7 percent), and private mental hospitals (6 percent). Inpatient services under public auspices account for almost three quarters of the total inpatient care episodes (Table 3).

### DIFFERENTIAL ENTRY RATES INTO THE MENTAL HEALTH SYSTEM— ADMISSIONS TO MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES—1971

Major differences in admission rates to mental health facilities are evident among different subgroups of the population based on age, sex, color, and diagnosis. This section presents data on the differential entry rates into the mental health system components by different subgroups of the population.

The analysis in this section is limited to admissions to inpatient and outpatient services. Detailed data on the characteristics of admissions to day treatment services were not available. Since admissions to day care services constitute less than three percent of the total admissions, however, this does not bias the analysis to any great extent.

The text and tables refer to admissions to "all inpatient services" and/or "all outpatient services." Detailed data were available however only on 96.3 percent of the inpatient admissions. Data on the characteristics of inpatient admissions to "other multiservice" facilities and residential treatment centers were not available. Similarly, because detailed data on the admissions to the outpatient services of VA facilities were not available, this analysis is based on 96.39 of the outpatient admissions. Again, since these omissions represent a relatively small percent of the total, it would seem safe to assume that no significant bias has been introduced.

### AGE, SEX, COLOR

During 1971, there were over  $2\frac{1}{2}$  million admission episodes to psychiatric inpatient and outpatient services of mental health facilities in the United States, a rate of 1,239 per 100,000 population. Almost one million or 38 percent of these admissions occurred in the 25–44 year age group, and an additional half million or 22 percent in the 45–64 year age group. Males accounted for 52 percent of the admissions. The male admission rate of 1,319 per 100,000 population was 14 percent higher than that for females—1,162 per 100,000 population (Table 4).

The pattern and magnitude of the admission rates by age differed considerably by sex. The male rate exceeded the female rate in every age group except the 25–44 year age group. In the under 18 and 18–24 year age groups, this difference was especially marked—male rates exceeded female rates on the order of 40 percent. The male admission rate was highest in the 18–24 year age group (2,265 per 100,000) while the female rate peaked in the 25–44 year age group (2,048 per 100,000) (Table B, Table 4, and Chart 1).

TABLE B. RATIO OF MALE TO FEMALE ADMISSION RATE BY AGE, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, UNITED STATES 1971

Age	Both Inpatient & Outpatient	Inpatient	Outpatient
1 Ages	1.1	1, 3	1.0
Under 18	1.4	1.1	1.5
18-24	1,4	1.9	1.1
25-44	0.9	1.2	0.7
45-64	1.1	1.4	0.8
65+	1.1	1.3	0.7

Note: See Table 4 for detail

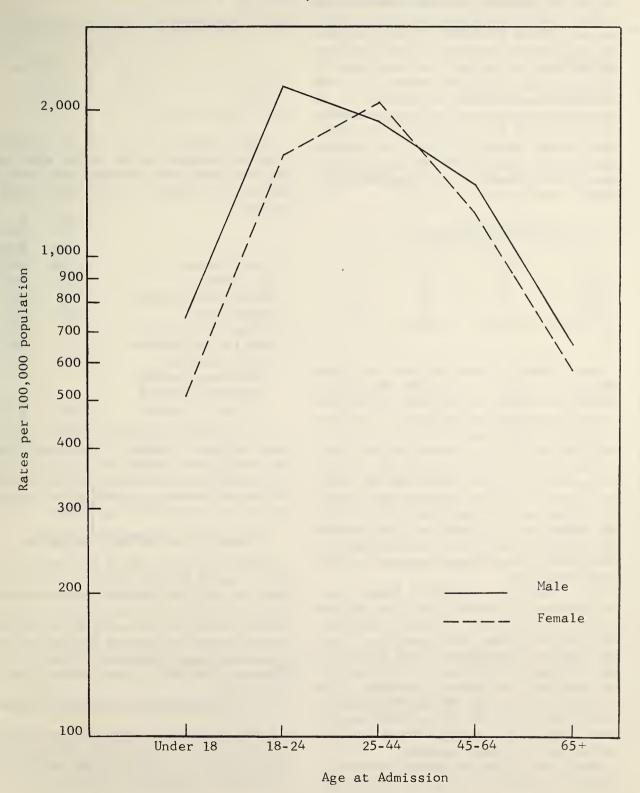
The nonwhite admission rate (1,696 per 100,000 population) exceeded the white rate (1,173 per 100,000) by 45 percent for both sexes, by 51 percent for males and 38 percent for females. Overall, 17 percent of the total admissions were accounted for by nonwhites. The sex distribution among white and nonwhite admissions was essentially the same, with nonwhites having a slightly higher percent of males (53 percent as opposed to 52 percent for whites) (Table 5).

One-fifth of the total admission episodes, a rate of 258 per 100,000 population, were diagnosed with schizophrenia, followed closely by admissions diagnosed with depressive disorders, which accounted for 18 percent of the total admissions. Alcohol disorders ranked third in frequency, being diagnosed as the primary diagnosis in over ten percent of the admissions (Table 6).

#### INPATIENT VS. OUTPATIENT

Of the 2.54 million inpatient and outpatient admission episodes experienced during 1971, 48 percent were inpatient episodes and 52 percent outpatient. The inpatient admission rate per 100,000 population

CHART 1. ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES COMBINED, BY SEX AND AGE, MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES, UNITED STATES 1971



was 597 while the outpatient admission rate was 642. The distribution of admission episodes between inpatient and outpatient varied dramatically by sex and age. For both sexes, outpatient episodes exceeded inpatient episodes four to one in the under 18 year age group. In the 18-24 year age group there were about five outpatient episodes for every four inpatient episodes, while in the 25-44 year age group the number of inpatient episodes exceeded by a small margin the number of outpatient episodes. In the age groups over 45, inpatient admissions predominate. Among the 45-64 year age group, there are about three inpatient episodes for every two outpatient episodes; while among the 65 and over, there are three inpatient episodes for every outpatient episode. (Table 4 and Chart 2)

TABLE C. RATIO OF INPATIENT TO OUTPATIENT ADMISSION RATE, BY AGE AND SEX, PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES, UNITED STATES 1971

Age	Both Sexes	Males	Females
ll Ages	0.93	1.OB	0.79
Under 1B	0.24	0.21	0.30
18-24	0.83	1.06	0.61
25~44	1.05	1.42	0.B1
45-64	1.61	2.18	1.20
65+	3.07	4.35	2.40

Note: See Table 4 for detail

Major differences between the sexes can be seen illustrated in Table C. For males, the inpatient admission rate exceeds the outpatient admission rate in every age group except the under 18. The excessive inpatient rate increased with age, becoming most marked in the 45–64 year age group and the 65 and over age group, where the inpatient rate exceeded the outpatient rate by factors of two and four, respectively. Among females, the outpatient rate exceeded the inpatient rate in the age groups under 45, while the inpatient rate was higher than the outpatient rate in the 45–64 and 65 and over age groups, with the magnitude of the difference being about half that found among males.

Chart 3 illustrates the differences between males and females in the admission rates to inpatient and outpatient services by age. For inpatient admissions, male rates were higher than female rates in each age group, the greatest difference being in the 18–24 year age group, where the male rate is almost twice the female rate. For outpatient admissions, on the other hand, the male rate was higher than that for females only in the under 18 and 18–24 year age group. In the older age groups, the female outpatient admission rate exceeded the male rate.

Among males the ratio of inpatient to outpatient episodes was essentially the same for whites and nonwhites. Among females, nonwhites had a slightly higher proportion of outpatient admissions (59 percent) than whites (55 percent). (Table D and Table 5)

TABLE D. RATIO OF INPATIENT TO OUTPATIENT ADMISSION RATE, BY SEX AND COLOR, PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES, U.S. 1971

	Cole	or
Sex	White	Nonwhite
h Sexes	0.93	0.91
ales	1.07	1.14
Females	0.81	0.69

Note: See Table 5 for detail

Marked differences in the ratio of inpatient to outpatient admissions are also evident within each diagnostic group which are ranked below from the highest percent inpatient to the lowest (see Table 6 for detail).

	In-	Out-
	patient	patient
Alcohol Disorders	73.5%	26.5%
Drug Disorders	70.0	30.0
Organic Brain Syndromes	68.5	31.5
Schizophrenia	62.5	37.5
Depressive Disorders	61.9	38.1
Other Psychotic Disorders	51.7	48.3
Mental Retardation	25.5	74.5
"Other Mental Disorders"		
(primarily Neuroses &		
Personality Disorders)	25.0	75.0

The low ranking of mental retardation among inpatient admissions is probably a reflection of the fact that mental health facilities play primarily a diagnostic rather than a treatment or custodial role with this disorder. Residential facilities for the mentally retarded are not included in this analysis.

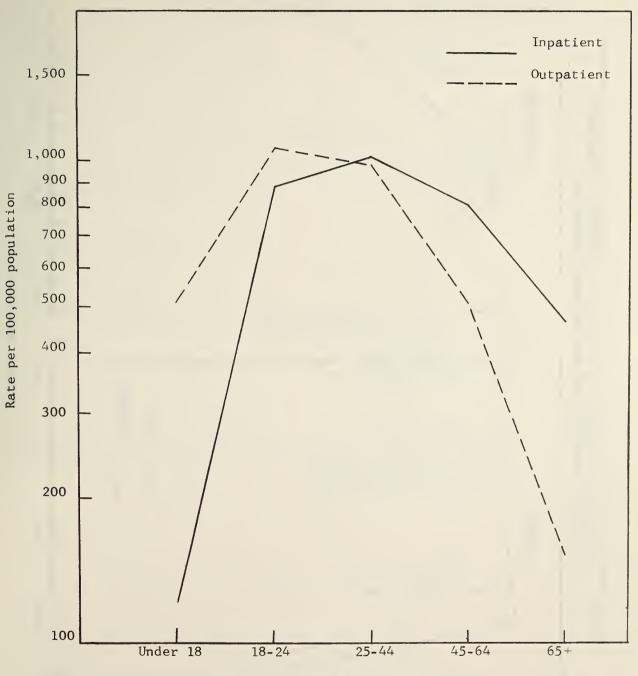
### PUBLIC VS. NONPUBLIC FACILITIES

Mental health services are for the most part provided in public facilities (Chart 4). Of the 2½ million inpatient and outpatient admission episodes in 1971, 1.7 million, or 69 percent, were to public facilities.\* While there are variations in the distribution of admissions to public vs. nonpublic facilities by age, sex, color, and diagnosis, the majority of the admissions within each of these subgroups were to public facilities.

By age, the largest percent of admissions to public

<sup>\*</sup>The effect of including the persons under care of private psychiatrists in the calculation of the ratio of public to nonpublic episodes is illustrated in the table below. For this illustration, it was assumed that there were 1,000,000 persons under care of private psychiatrists during 1971 (see sources and qualifications of data section).

CHART 2. ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES, MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES, UNITED STATES 1971



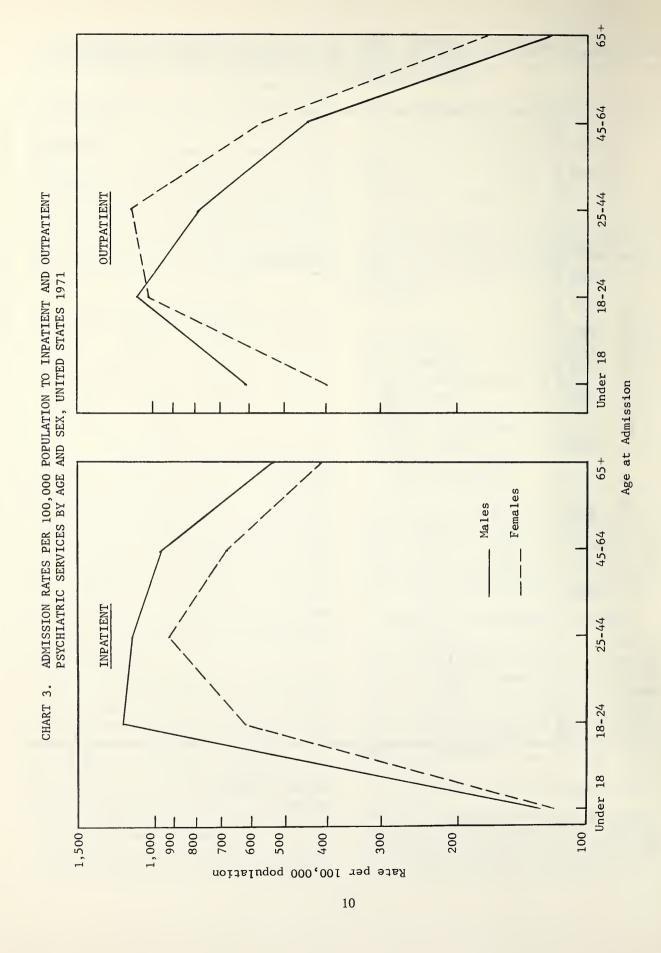
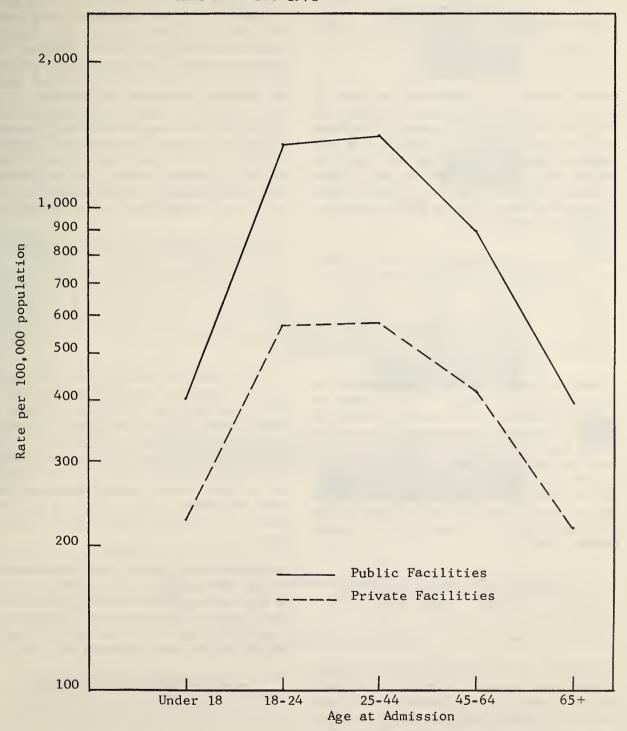


CHART 4. ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES COMBINED, BY PUBLIC VS. PRIVATE AUSPICES OF FACILITY, MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES, UNITED STATES 1971



DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO PSYCHIATRIC CARE 8Y PUBLIC OR NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, UNITED STATES, 1971

		Auspices	
Locus of Care	Total	Public	Nonpublic
		Number	
Organized Mental Health Settings	2,726,637	1,881,380	845,257
Private Psychiatric Practice	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Total	3,726,637	1,881,380	1,845,257
		Percent	, ,
Organized Mental Health Settings	100.0	69	31
Private Psychiatric Practice	100.0	-	100
Total	100.0	50	50

facilities occurred in the 18–24 year age group (71 percent, the 25–44 year age group (71 percent) and the 45–64 year age group (68 percent). In the under 18 and 65 and over age groups, the percent of total admissions going to public facilities was slightly less, about 64 percent for each of these age groups. These differences, expressed in terms of the ratio of public to nonpublic admission rates per 100,000 population, are shown in Table E below.

TABLE E. RATIO OF PUBLIC TO NONPUBLIC ADMISSION RATES, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, UNITED STATES 1971

A ===		Sex	
Age —	8oth Sexes	Males	Females
11 Ages	2.2	3.0	1.6
Under 18	1.8	1.8	1.8
18-24	2.4	3.2	1.8
25-44	2.4	4.0	1.7
45-64	2.1	3.4	1.4
65+	1.8	2.8	1.3

Note: See Table 7 for detail

Males are much more likely to be admitted to public facilities than females. Over 75 percent of the male admissions were to public facilities, as opposed to 62 percent of the females. This was true in each age group except the under 18 years of age, where the utilization of public facilities by each sex was about the same. The excessive use of public facilities by males was most accentuated in the 25–44 year age group, where the male admission rate to public facilities was four times the rate to private facilities (Table E).

TABLE F. RATIO OF PUBLIC TO NONPUBLIC ADMISSION RATE 8Y SEX AND COLOR, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, U.S. 1971

Color	8oth Sexes	Males	Females
White	2.0	2.6	1.5
	4.0	7.8	2.4

Note: See Table 8 for detail

Nonwhites were much more likely to be admitted to public than nonpublic facilities. The admission rate for nonwhites to public facilities was four times the rate to nonpublic facilities, whereas for whites it was only twice as high. This color differential is particularly dramatic for nonwhite males, for whom the admission rate to public facilities is eight times that to nonpublic facilities (Table F and Chart 4).

Tables 9 to 13 also show the distribution of admissions to public vs. nonpublic facilities within inpatient and outpatient facilities, as opposed to the combined inpatient and outpatient admissions discussed above. In general, the patterns highlighted for all admissions hold true when inpatient and outpatient admissions are examined separately. However, these patterns are usually more accentuated among the inpatient admissions, and less accentuated among the outpatient admissions. For example, it was pointed out that the admission rate to public facilities for nonwhite males was eight times that to nonpublic facilities. For nonwhite male inpatient admissions, the admission rate to public facilities was 14 times the rate to nonpublic facilities, while the admission rate to public outpatient facilities was only five times the rate to private facilities. The data also show that:

TABLE G. RATIO OF MALE TO FEMALE ADMISSION RATES 8Y AGE, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES 8Y PUBLIC VS. NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, UNITED STATES 1971

	All Services		Inpa	ient	Outpetient			
Age	Public	Nonpublic	Public	Nonpublic	Public	Nonpublic		
All Ages	1.4	0.7	1.9	0.6	1.0	0.9		
Under 18	1.4	1.5	1.3	0.8	1.4	1.8		
18-24	1.7	0.9	2.7	0.9	1.1	1.0		
25-44	1.2	0.5	1.8	0.5	0.8	0.5		
45-64	1.5	0.6	2.0	0.7	0.9	0.5		
65+	1.4	0.7	1.8	0.8	0.8	0.4		
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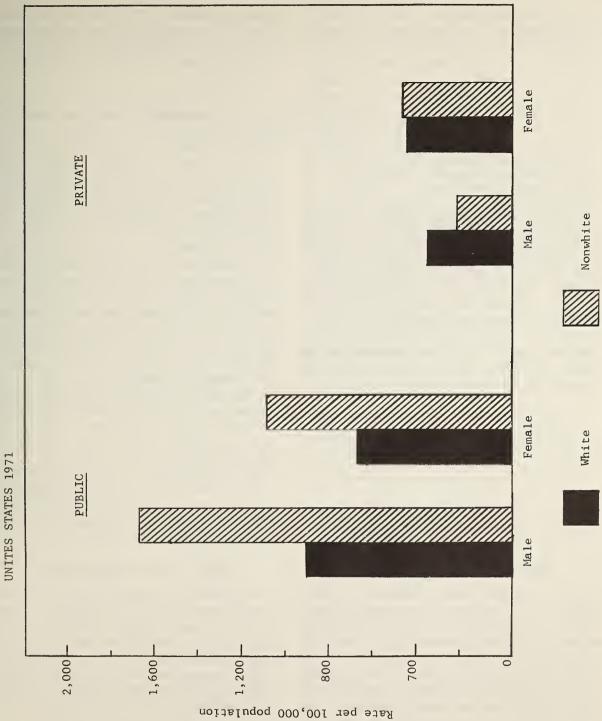
Note: See Tables 7,9, and 12 for detail

- 1. The relation of male to female rates within public and nonpublic categories as illustrated in Table G indicates that, for admissions to public inpatient facilities, the male rate exceeded the female rate in all age groups. Among admissions to private inpatient facilities, however, the female rate exceeded the male rate in every age group. Such a reversal was not evident among outpatient admissions, where public or nonpublic auspices seemed to have little influence on the ratio of male to female admission rates.
- 2. Among males the admission rate to public inpatient facilities was 3.6 times that to private facilities, with the ratio ranging from a low of 2.2 in the under 18 age group to a high of 4.2 in the 25–44 year age group. Among females the inpatient admission rate to public facilities was 1.2 times that to nonpublic facilities with very little variation by age (Table H).

TABLE H. RATIO OF PUBLIC TO NONPUBLIC ADMISSION RATES BY SEX AND AGE, INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, UNITED STATES 1971

Age -	Inpa	tient	Outpatient		
nge -	Males	Females	Males	Females	
All Ages	3.6	1.2	2.5	2.1	
Under 18	2.2	1.3	1.7	2.1	
18-24	3.9	1.2	2.6	2.2	
25-44	4.2	1.3	3.7	2.2	
45-64	3.5	1.2	3.2	1.7	
65+	2.4	1.0	6.9	3.1	

Note: See Tables 9 and 12 for detail



- 3. The outpatient admission rate for males to public facilities was 2.5 times higher than that to nonpublic facilities, while the corresponding ratio for females was 2.1. For both sexes, the highest proportion of outpatient episodes in public facilities occurred in the 65 and over age group. Among males, 87 percent of the outpatient episodes in this age group were in public facilities, while among females the corresponding figure was 75 percent (Table 12). The male outpatient admission rate to public facilities was seven times the nonpublic facility rate in the 65 and over age group (Table H).
- 4. Higher admission rates for public than for non-public facilities prevailed within each sex-color group for both inpatient and outpatient admissions, with the exception of white female inpatient admissions, where the rates to public and nonpublic facilities were equal. The magnitude of the differences between the public and nonpublic admission rates differed considerably however, being especially high for non-white males. Among nonwhite male admissions, the public rate was 13.7 times the nonpublic rate for inpatient admissions, and 5.0 times as high for outpatient admissions (Table I).

TABLE I. RATIO OF PUBLIC TO NONPUBLIC ADMISSION RATES BY SEX AND COLOR,
INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES, UNITED STATES

Sex and Color	Inpatient	Outpatient
White	1.8	2.2
Males	3.0	2.2
Females	1.0	2.2
Nonwhite	7.7	2.6
Males	13.7	5.0
Females	4.4	1.7

Note: See Tables 10 and 13 for detail

#### TYPE OF INPATIENT FACILITY

Of the 1.2 million inpatient admissions in 1971, 33 percent were to State and county mental hospitals, 25 percent to nonpublic general hospitals psychiatric inpatient services, 18 percent to public general hospital psychiatric inpatient services, 11 percent to VA hospitals, seven percent to private mental hospitals, and six percent to federally funded community mental health centers. Variation in the distribution of in-

patient admissions by age and sex are shown in Table 14. Some striking differences in the probability of admission to different types of inpatient facilities by sex, color, and diagnosis, shown in Tables 15 and 16 are as follows:

- 1. Males, in comparison with females, have a higher percent of admissions to State and county mental hospitals, and public general hospital psychiatric inpatient services, but a lower percent of admissions to private mental hospitals, nonpublic general hospitals, and community mental health centers.
- 2. Nonwhites, in comparison to whites, have a higher percent of admissions to State and county mental hospitals (43 percent) and to public general hospitals (29 percent).
- 3. Almost half (48 percent) of the nonwhite female admissions were to State and county mental hospitals. This was higher than the percent of nonwhite males (41 percent) admitted to these facilities and considerably higher than the percent for white females (28 percent). Of the white female admissions, 39 percent were to nonpublic general hospital psychiatric inpatient services.
- 4. By diagnoses, 65 percent of admissions with mental retardation, 47 percent of those with organic brain syndromes, 37 percent of those with schizophrenia, 55 percent of those with alcoholism, and 42 percent of those with drug abuse were admitted to State and county mental hospitals. Nonpublic general hospitals accounted for 46 percent of the admissions with depressive disorders and 31 percent of the admissions with other mental disorders, consisting primarily of personality disorders and neuroses.

#### TYPE OF OUTPATIENT FACILITY

Free-standing psychiatric clinics account for over a third (37 percent) of the outpatient admissions, followed by the outpatient services of community mental health centers (26 percent), and of general hospital outpatient psychiatric services (22 percent).

Free-standing clinics admit half of the outpatients under 18 years of age, while admissions to affiliated clinics tend to be older.

## DIFFERENTIAL RESOURCE UTILIZATION— PATIENT CARE EPISODES—1971

Admission rates, discussed in the previous section, illustrate the differences occurring among subgroups of the population in entry into the mental health system. Admissions during any given year, however, account for only about half of the episodes of care provided by mental health facilities during the year. The other half are accounted for by persons under care in these facilities at the beginning of the year. The sum of these two components represents the total episodes of care provided by mental health facilities during the year, referred to as patient care episodes.

During 1971, there were a total of 4,190,913 patient care episodes in mental health facilities. Of this total 42 percent were inpatient episodes, 55 percent were outpatient, and 3 percent were day care episodes. These were distributed by type of facility as shown below:

	Number	Percent
All Facilities, All Episodes	4,190,913	100.0%
Inpatient Episodes	1,755,816	41.9
State & County Mental		
Hospitals	745,259	17.9
Private Mental Hospitals.	97,963	2.3
VA Psychiatric Services	176,800	4.2
General Hospital		
Psychiatric Services	542,642	12.9
Residential Tx. Ctrs. for		
E. D. Children	28,637	0.7
Federally Funded CMHC .	130,088	3.1
Other Multi-Service		
Facilities	34,427	0.8
Outpatient Episodes	2,316,754	55.3
Federally Funded CMHC	622,906	14.9
Other Outpatient Services	1,693,848	40.4
Day Care Episodes	118,343	2.8
Federally Funded CMHC	43,653	1.0
Other Day Care Services	74,690	1.8
· ·	,	

In this section, the distribution of inpatient and outpatient episodes by age, sex and diagnosis is analyzed. Data on the age, sex and diagnosis of patient care episodes in day care services were not available and therefore could not be included.

Similarly, Tables 19-21 exclude those episodes of care generated by the inpatient services of "other mental health facilities," the outpatient psychiatric services of VA hospitals, and all services of residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children.

Since those episodes excluded represent such a small part (under 5 percent) of the total patient care episodes, this exclusion does not bias the analysis to any significant extent.

Tables 19 to 22 present data on the number, rate per 100,000 population and percent distribution of patient care episodes during 1971. These tables differ from those on admissions mostly with respect to those facilities with a large resident or on the rolls population. In State and county mental hospitals, for example, there is almost one resident at the beginning of the year for every admission during the year. In general hospital psychiatric inpatient services on the other hand, there are 23 admissions for every resident at the beginning of the year.

Table 19 shows the distribution of patient care episodes by age, sex and diagnosis. It is of interest to note that six of the age-sex-diagnostic groups each account for 5 or more percent of the total patient care episodes and collectively they account for 38 percent of the total patient care episodes. As shown below, other mental disorders (primarily personality disorders and neuroses) account for 41 percent of the total patient care episodes, followed by schizophrenia and depressive disorders which account for 23 and 15 percent of the total, respectively (Table 19).

Sex	Age	Diagnostic Group	Number of Patient Care Episodes	Percent of Total Episodes
Males	Under 18	Personality Disorders/Neuroses	353,441	8.8%
Females	Under 25-44	Personality Disorders/Neuroses	297,067	7.4
Females	Under 18	Personality Disorders/Neuroses	231,266	5.8
Females	25-44	Schizophrenia	220,311	5.5
Males	25-44	Personality Disorders/Neuroses	212,043	5.3
Males	25-44	Schizophrenia	196,536	4.9

By age, the 25–44 and 45–64 age groups account for 58 percent of the total patient care episodes (36 and 22 percent, respectively). The 65 and over

age group accounts for less than 7 percent of the total episodes. Other variations in the distribution of episodes by age, sex, and diagnosis can be observed in Table 19.

	Both Sexes	Males	Females
All Ages	100.0%	51.0%	49.0%
Under 18	18.5	11.2	7.3
18-24	17.0	9.2	7.8
25-44	35.8	16.7	19.1
45-64	22.1	11.0	11.1
65+	6.6	2.9	3.7

Tables 20–21 show the distribution of episodes by the type of facility in which they occurred, by age and sex and by sex and diagnosis.

Overall 57 percent of the total inpatient and outpatient episodes in 1971 occurred in outpatient psychiatric services with 15 percent occurring in the outpatient services of federally funded CMHC's and the remainder in other outpatient psychiatric services. Forty-three percent of the total episodes occurred in inpatient facilities.

As seen in Table 22, dramatic changes in the locus of care have occurred since 1955, some highlights of which are the following:

- 1. The total number of episodes of care has increased 142 percent since 1955, increasing from 1.7 million to 4.0 million in 1971.
- 2. Patient care episodes in inpatient services, which accounted for over 77 percent of the total episodes in 1955, now account for only 43 percent of the total.
- 3. Outpatient psychiatric services, on the other hand, now account for the largest proportion of patient care episodes—57 percent compared to only 23 percent in 1955.
- 4. The number of patient care episodes in outpatient psychiatric services has increased six fold since 1955.
- 5. The number of patient care episodes in general hospital inpatient psychiatric units has more than doubled since 1955.
- 6. State and county mental hospitals, which accounted for half of the patient care episodes in 1955, now account for only about a fifth of the yearly episodes.
- 7. In 1971, patient care episodes in community mental health centers constituted 18.6 percent of the year's total episodes, almost double the proportion of episodes for these facilities in 1969.

#### **DETAILED TABLES**

- Distribution of Mental Health Facilities and Services by Type of Facility, United States, January 1972
- Distribution of Admission Episodes by Type of Modality and Facility, Mental Health Facilities, United States, 1971
- 3. Utilization of Inpatient Services, Mental Health Facilities, United States, 1971
- 4. Distribution of Admissions to Psychiatric Inpatient and Outpatient Services by Sex and Age, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient and Outpatient Services by Sex and Color, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient and Outpatient Services by Diagnosis, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient and Outpatient Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Age, and Sex, United States, 1971
- 8. Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient and Outpatient Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Sex and Color, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Sex and Age, United States, 1971
- 10. Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Sex and Color, United States, 1971
- 11. Distribution of Inpatient Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, and Diagnosis, United States, 1971

- 12. Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Outpatient Psychiatric Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Age and Sex, United States, 1971
- 13. Distribution of Admissions and Admission Rates per 100,000 Population to Outpatient Psychiatric Services by Public and Nonpublic Auspices, Sex, and Color, United States, 1971
- 14. Distribution of Admissions to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Type of Facility, Sex, and Age, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Type of Facility, Sex, and Color, United States, 1971
- Distribution of Admissions to Psychiatric Inpatient Services by Type of Facility, and Diagnosis, United States, 1971
- 17. Distribution of Admissions to Outpatient Psychiatric Services by Affiliation, Age and Sex, United States, 1971
- 18. Distribution of Admissions to Outpatient Psychiatric Services by Affiliation, Sex and Color, United States, 1971
- 19. Number and Percent Distribution of Patient Care Episodes by Age, Sex, and Diagnosis, All Psychiatric Facilities, United States, 1971
- Number and Percent Distribution of Patient Care Episodes by Age and Sex by Type of Psychiatric Facility, All Psychiatric Facilities, United States, 1971
- 21. Number of Patient Care Episodes by Diagnosis and Sex, by Type of Psychiatric Facility, All Psychiatric Facilities, United States, 1971
- 22. Number and Percent Distribution and Rate per 100,000 Population of Patient Care Episodes, by Type of Facility, All Psychiatric Facilities, United States, 1955, 1965, 1967, 1969, and 1971

DISTRIBUTION OF MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES AND SERVICES BY TYPE OF FACILITY, UNITED STATES, JANUARY 1972 TABLE 1.

n of:	Outpt. Day Tx. Serv. Serv.	100.0%	20.8 13.5 7.3	5.0	17.6	4.8	6.1 29.8 3.4	14.8 8.0 6.8 2.5
tributio	Outpt. Serv.	100.0%	14.8 10.4 4.4	4.5	14.2	3.8	2.9	25.8 23.5 1.4
Percent Distribution of:	Inpt. Serv.	100.0%	25.1 16.9 8.2	5.7	34.2	7.4	17.9	1.7
Per	Facili- ties	100.0%	15.0 10.1 4.9	3.7	24.1	4.9	10.8 9.2 1.1	35.1 18.4 16.7 1.0
::	Day Tx. Serv.	686	206 134 72	67	174	47	60 295 34	146 79 67 25
Number With:	Outpt. Serv.	2,279	338 238 100	102	322	86 236	66 295	1,123 588 535 33
Nur	Inpt. Serv.	1,917	482 324 158	110	653	141	344 295	33
Number of	Facili- ties	3,200	482 324 158	119	770	158	344 295 34	1,123 588 535 33
	Type of Facility	Total, All Facilities	Psychiatric HospitalState & County	Veterans Administration Hospitals	General Hospital Psychiatric Services	Public	Residential Treatment Center for Emotionally Disturbed Children Federally Funded CMHC	Outpatient Clinics - Free-Standing Public

DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSION EPISODES BY TYPE OF MODALITY AND FACILITY, MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES, UNITED STATES, 1971 TABLE 2.

	Number of	Number of Annual Admissions to:	sions to:	Percent Distr	ibution of A	Percent Distribution of Admissions to:
Type of Facility	Inpatient Services	Outpatient Services	Day Tr <b>eat</b> ment Services	Inpatient Services	Outpatient Services	Day Treatment Services
Total, All Facilities	1,269,029	1,378,822	75,545	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Psychiatric Hospitals	494,640 407,640 87,000	147,383 129,133 18,250	18,448 16,554 1,894	38.9 32.0 6.9	10.7 9.4 1.3	24.5 22.0 2.5
Veterans Administration Hospitals General Hospital Psychiatric Services Public	134,065 519,926* 215,158* 304,768*	51,645 282,677 139,077 143,600	4,023 11,563 4,291 7,272	10.6 41.0 17.0 24.0	3.7 20.6 10.2 10.4	5.3 15.3 5.7 9.6
Residential Treatment Centers for Emotionally Disturbed Children Federally Funded CMHC Day Hospitals - Free-Standing Outpatient Clinics Free-Standing Public	11,148 75,900	10,156 335,648 - 484,677 273,358 211,319	994 21,092 1,514 10,642 7,737 2,905	60,1111	0.7 24.3 - 35.2 19.9	1.3 27.9 2.0 14.1 10.3 3.8
Other Multi-Service Facilities	33,350	969,636	7,269	2.6	4.8	9.6

Due to the short stay of Data shown for general hospital inpatient services are discharges, not admissions. of admissions, discharges and admissions are approximately equal. \*

TABLE 3. UTILIZATION OF INPATIENT SERVICES, MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES, UNITED STATES, 1971

Type of Facility	Number of Inpatient Services	Resident Population End of 1970	Patient Care Episodes 1971
		NI	
	1 017	Number	1 755 016
ll Inpatient Services	1,917	433,786	1,755,816
Psychiatric Hospitals	482	348,296	843,222
State & County	324	337,619	745,259
Proprietary	158	10,677	97,963
Veterans Administration Hospital.	110	42,735	176,800
General Hospitals	653	18,093	542,642
Public	141	4,899	223,551
Nonpublic	512	13,194	319,091
Residential Treatment Centers for			
Emotionally Disturbed Children.	344	17,489	28,637
Federally Funded CMHC	295	6,096	130,088
Other Multi-Service Facilities	33	1,077	34,427
	<u>Pe</u>	ercent Distribut	ion
ll Inpatient Services	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Psychiatric Hospitals	25.1	80.4	48.0
State & County	16.9	77.9	42.4
Proprietary	8.2	2.5	5.6
Veterans Administration Hospital.	5.7	9.9	10.1
General Hospitals	34.2	4.1	30.9
Public	7.4	1.1	12.7
Nonpublic	. 26.8	3.0	18.2
Residential Treatment Centers for			
Residential Heatment Centers 101			1 (
Emotionally Disturbed Children.	17.9	4.0	1.6
	17.9 15.4	4.0 1.4	1.6 7.4

TABLE 4. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES BY SEX AND AGE, UNITED STATES, 1971

Sex and Age	All Inpt. & Outpt. Services	In- Patient <u>1</u> /	Out- Patient <u>2</u> /	All Inpt. & Outpt. Services	In- Patient <u>1</u> /	Out- Patient2/
	Number	of Admissio	ns		istribution w x-Age Groups	ithin
Both Sexes.	2,541,552	1,224,531	1,317,021	100.0%	48.2%	51.8%
Under 18.	443,640	87,588	356,052	100.0	19.7	80.3
18-24	460,951	209,489	251,462	100.0	45.4	54.6
25-44	958,186	491,785	466,401	100.0	51.3	48.7
45-64	555,167	342,410	212,757	100.0	61.7	38.3
65+	123,608	93,259	30,349	100.0	75.4	24.6
Males	1,316,093	684,377	631,716	100.0	52.0	48.0
Under 18.	265,405	46,008	219,397	100.0	17.3	82.7
18-24	257,680	132,823	124,857	100.0	51.5	48.5
25-44	454,458	266,373	188,085	100.0	58.6	41.4
45-64	282,745	193,799	88,946	100.0	68.5	31.5
65+	55,80 <b>5</b>	45,374	10,431	100.0	81.3	18.7
Females	1,225,459	540,154	685,305	100.0	44.1	55.9
Under 18.	178,235	41,580	136,655	100.0	23.3	76.7
18-24	203,271	76,666	126,605	100.0	37.7	62.3
25-44	503,728	225,412	278,316	100.0	44.7	55.3
45-64	272,422	148,611	123,811	100.0	54.6	45.4
65+	67,803	47,885	19,918	100.0	70.6	29.4
	Percent Dist	ribution wit	hin Modality	7 Rate pe	r 100,000 Pop	ulation
Both Sexes.						
both sexes.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	1238.5	596.7	641.8
Under 18.	17.5	7.1	27.0	626.8	123.8	503.1
18-24	18.1	17.1	19.1	1936.0	879.8	1056.1
25-44	37.7	40.2	35.4	1982.2	1017.3	964.8
45-64	21.8	28.0	16.2	1315.7	811.5	504.2
					OTTSJ	
65+	4.9	7.6	2.3	615.2	464.1	151.0
	4.9	7.6 100.0	2.3			
	100.0	100.0	100.0	615.2	464.1 685.9	151.0 633.2
Males	100.0	100.0 6.7	100.0 34.7	615.2 1319.1 736.4	464.1 685.9 127.7	151.0 633.2 608.8
Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44	100.0	100.0	100.0	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9	464.1 685.9	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5
Males Under 18. 18-24	100.0 20.2 19.6	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2
Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5	100.0 6.7 19.4	100.0 34.7 19.8	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5
Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5 21.5	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8 14.1	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2 1403.8	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2 441.6
Males  Under 18.  18-24 25-44 45-64 65+	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5 21.5 4.2	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8 14.1 1.6	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2 1403.8 658.6 1162.2	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2 441.6 123.1 649.9
Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5 21.5 4.2 100.0 14.6	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7 100.0	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8 14.1 1.6 100.0 19.9	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2 1403.8 658.6 1162.2 513.1	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2 441.6 123.1 649.9 393.4
Males  Under 18.  18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females  Under 18.  18-24	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5 21.5 4.2 100.0 14.6 16.6	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7 100.0 7.7 14.2	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8 14.1 1.6 100.0 19.9 18.5	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2 1403.8 658.6 1162.2 513.1 1634.9	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7 616.6	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2 441.6 123.1 649.9 393.4 1018.3
Males  Under 18.  18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females  Under 18.	100.0 20.2 19.6 34.5 21.5 4.2 100.0 14.6	100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7 100.0	100.0 34.7 19.8 29.8 14.1 1.6 100.0 19.9	615.2 1319.1 736.4 2264.9 1914.2 1403.8 658.6 1162.2 513.1	464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7	151.0 633.2 608.8 1097.5 792.2 441.6 123.1 649.9 393.4

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for empirically disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally distrubed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 5. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES BY SEX AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971

	NIID BIAIDS,	± / 1 ±		<b></b>		
Sex and Color	All Inpt. & Outpt. Services	Inpatient <u>l</u> /	Out- Patient <u>2</u> /	All Inpt. & Outpt. Services	Inpatien	t <sup>1</sup> / Out- Patient2/
	Numbe	r of Admissi	ons		Distribution	
D-45 C	0 5/1 550	1 00/ 501	1 217 001		ex-Color G:	
Both Sexes.	2,541,552	1,224,531	1,317,021	100.0%	48.2%	51.8%
Males	1,316,093	684,377	631,716	100.0	52.0	48.0
Females	1,225,459	540,154	685,305	100.0	44.1	55.9
White	2,106,811	1,017,913	1,088,898	100.0	48.3	51.7
Males	1,085,934	561,632	524,302	100.0	51.7	48.3
Females	1,020,877	456,281	564,596	100.0	44.7	55.3
Nonwhite	434,741	206,618	228,123	100.0	47.5	52.5
Males	230,159	122,745	107,414	100.0	53.3	46.7
Females	204,582	83,873	120,709	100.0	41.0	59.0
	Percent Distr	ibution with	in Mod <b>a</b> lity	Rates p	er 100,000	Population
Both Sexes.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	1238.5	596.7	641.8
Males	51.8	55.9	48.0	1319.1	685.9	633.2
Females	48.2	44.1	52.0	1162.2	512.3	649.9
White	100.0	100.0	100.0	1173.2	566.8	606.4
Males	51.5	55.2	48.1	1241.4	642.1	599.4
Females	48.5	44.8	51.9	1108.3	495.4	613.0
Nonwhite	100.0	100.0	100.0	1696.2	806.1	890.0
Males	52.9	59.4	47.1	1871.4	998.0	873.4
Females	47.1	40.6	52.9	1534.4	629.1	905.3

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES BY DIAGNOSIS 3/ UNITED STATES 1971 TABLE 6.

	Primary Diagnosis	All Inpt.& Outpatient Services	Inpatient <u>V</u>	Inpatient Outpatient Soutpatient Services	All Inpt.& Outpatient Services	Inpatient <u>l</u>	Inpatient1/Outpatient2/
		Nimb	Number of Admissions	ions	Percent	Percent Distribution within	within
					Dia	Diagnostic Groups	Sd
	All Diagnoses	2,541,552	1,224,531	1,317,021	100.0	48.2	51.8
	Mental Retardation	59,290	15,131	44,159	100.0	25.5	74.5
	Organic Brain Syndromes	112,570	77,061	35,509	100.0	68.5	31.5
	Schizophrenia	529,379	330,608	198,771	100.0	62.5	37.5
	Depressive Disorders	445,115	275,555	169,560	100.0	61.9	38.1
	Other Psychotic Disorders	38,809	20,060	18,749	100.0	51.7	48.3
	Alcoholism	262,466	192,897	69,569	100.0	73.5	26.5
	Drug Abuse	88,351	61,882	56,469	100.0	70.0	30.0
	All Other Disorders	823,116	227,647	595,469	100.0	27.7	72.3
	Undiagnosed	182,456	23,690	158,766	100.0	13.0	87.0
		Percent Distribution within	ribution with	hin Modality	Rates per	100,000	Population
	All Diagnoses	100.0	100.0	100.0	1238.5	596.7	641.8
	Mental Retardation	2.4	1.2	3.3	28.9	7.4	21.5
	Organic Brain Syndromes	4.4	6.3	2.7	54.9	37.6	17.3
	Schizohprenia	20.8	27.0	15.1	258.0	161.1	6.96
	Depressive Disorders	17.5	22.5	12.9	216.9	134.3	82.6
	Other Psychotic Disorders	1.5	1.6	1.4	18.9	9.8	9.1
23	Alcoholism	10.3	15.8	5.3	127.9	94.0	33.9
	Drug Abuse	3.5	5.1	2.0	43.1	30.2	12.9

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

290.2

110.9

401.1

45.2

18.6 1.9

32.4

All Other Disorders....

Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available. 7

The diagnostic groupings used in this Table are defined in terms of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual-DSM II, American Psychiatric Association, as follows: Mental Retardation 310-315; Organic Brain Syndromes 290,292,293, 294 (except 294.3) 309 (except 309.13, 309.14); Schizophrenia 295; Depressive Disorders 296,298.0,300.4; Other Psychotic Disorders 297,298.1-298.9; Alcohol Disorders 291,309.13,303; Drug Disorders 294.3,309.14,304.

TABLE 7. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT 1/AND OUTPATIENT 2/SERVICES BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, AGE, AND SEX, UNITED STATES 1971

Sex	All Inpatient			All Innetiont	_,	
and	& Outpatient	Public	Nonpublic	All Inpatient & Outpatient	Public	Nonnuh 1 i a
Age	Services	FUDITE	Notipublic	Services	Fublic	Nonpublic
Age	Services			Services		
	Numbe	r of Admission	ons	Percent Di		
				Sex	c-Age Group	os .
Both Sexes		1,747,838	793,714	100.0	68.8	31.2
Under 18		284,115	159,525	100.0	64.0	36.0
18-24	,	325,600	135,351	100.0	70.6	29.4
25-44		680,206	277,980	100.0	71.0	29.0
45-64		378,063	177,104	100.0	68.1	31.9
65+	123,608	79,854	43,754	100.0	64.6	35.4
Males	1,316,093	987,957	328,136	100.0	75.1	24.9
Under 18		168,983	96,422	100.0	63.7	36.3
18 - 24		196,169	61,511	100.0	76.1	23.9
25-44		363,096	91,362	100.0	79.9	20.1
45-64		218,708	64,037	100.0	77.4	22.6
65+		41,001	14,804	100.0	73.5	26.5
Females	1,225,459	759,881	465,578	100.0	62.0	38.0
Under 18			63,103		64.6	35.4
18-24	-	115,132	73,840	100.0		
25-44		129,431		100.0	63.7	36.3
45-64		317,110 159,355	186,618	100.0	63.0	37.0
65+			113,067	100.0	58.5 57.3	41.5
	67,803 Percent Distri	38,853	28,950	100.0	_ ,	42.7 Population
Both Sexes,	reicent Distri	DULION WICHIII	r Auspices Gi	dups Kates pe	1 100,000	ropuracion
All Ages	100.0	100.0	100.0	1238.5	851.7	386.8
Under 18		16.3	20.1	626.8	401.4	225.4
18-24		18.6	17.1	1936.0	1367.5	568.5
25-44		38.9	35.0	1982.2	1407.1	575.1
45-64		21.6	22.3	1315.7	896.0	419.7
65+		4.6	5.5	615.2	397.4	217.8
Males	100.0	100.0	100.0	1319.1	990.2	328.9
Under 18		17.1	29.4	736.4	468.9	267.5
18-24		19.8	18.8	2264.9	1724.3	540.7
25-44		36.8	27.8	1914.2	1529.3	384.8
45-64		22.1	19.5	1403.8	1085.8	317.9
65+		4.2	4.5	658.6	483.9	174.7
Fome 1 a -	100.0	100.0	100.0	1160 0	700 7	4/3 6
Females		100.0	100.0	1162.2	720.7	441.6
Under 18		15.2	13.5	513.1	331.4	181.7
18-24 25-44		17.0	15.9	1634.9	1041.0	593.9
45-64		41.7	40.1	2047.8	1289.2	758.7 512.7
		21.0	24.3	1235.2	722.6	512.7
65+	5.5	5.1	6.2	583.5	334.4	249.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>1</u>/ Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 8. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT 1/2 AND OUTPATIENT 2/ SERVICES BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, SEX AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971

AUS	PICES, SEX A	ND COLOR, UNI	TED STATES,	19/1		
Sex and Color	All Inp <b>t.</b> & Outpt. Services	Publ <b>i</b> c	Non- Public	All Inpt. & Outpt. Services	Public	Non- Public
	Numb	er of Admissi	ions		Distribution k-Color Grou	
Both Sexes.	2,541,552	1,747,838	793,714	100.0%	68.8%	31.2%
Males	1,316,093	987,957	328,136	100.0	75.1	24.9
Females	1,225,459	759,881	465,578	100.0	62.0	38.0
White	2,106,811	1,400,164	706,647	100.0	66.5	33.5
Males	1,085,934	783,954	301,980	100.0	72.2	27.8
Females	1,020,877	616,210	404,667	100.0	60.4	39.6
Nonwhite	434,741	347,674	87,067	100.0	80.0	20.0
Males	230,159	204,003	26,156	100.0	88.6	11.4
Females	204,582	143,671	60,911	100.0	70.2	29.8
		Distribution		Rates per 1	00,000 Popu	ılation
Both Sexes.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	1238.5	851.7	386.8
Males	51.8	56.5	41.3	1319.1	990.2	328.9
Females	48.2	43.5	58.7	1162.2	720.7	441.6
White	100.0	100.0	100.0	1173.2	779.7	393.5
Males	51.5	56.0	42.7	1241.4	896.2	345.2
Females	48.5	44.0	57.3	1108.3	669.0	439.3
Nonwhite	100.0	100.0	100.0	1696.2	13 <b>5</b> 6.5	339.7
Males	52.9	58.7	30.0	1871.4	1658.7	212.7
Females	47.1	41.3	70.0	1534.4	1077.6	456.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>1</u>/ Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 9. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT 1/SERVICES BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, SEX AND AGE, UNITED STATES, 1971

	Non- Public	Public	All Inpatient Services	Non- Public	Public	A11 Inpatient Services	Sex and Age
Groups	thin Sex-Age	ribution wi	Percent Dist	sions	r of Admis	Numbe	
	32.0%	68.0%	100.0%	391,768	832,763	1,224,531	Both Sexes.
	37.4	62.6	100.0	32,754	54,834	87,588	Under 18.
	29.3	70.7	100.0	61,313	148,176	209,489	18-24
	30.5	69.5	100.0	150,106	341,679	491,785	25-44
	32.1	67.9	100.0	110,043	232,367	342,410	45-64
	40.3	59.7	100.0	37,552	55,707	93,259	65+
	21.7	78.3	100.0	148,686	535,691	684,377	Males
	31.3	68.7	100.0	14,386	31,622	46,008	Under 18.
	20.3	79.7	100.0	26,912	105,911	132,823	18-24
	19.2	80.8	100.0	51,207	215,166	266,373	25-44
	22.0	78.0	100.0	42,695	151,104	193,799	45-64
	29.7	70.3	100.0	13,486	31,888	45,374	65+
		70.5	100.0		51,000	43,374	
	45.0	55.0	100.0	243,082	297,072	<b>5</b> 40,154	Females
	44.2	55.8	100.0	18,368	23,212	41,580	Under 18.
	44.9	55.1	100.0	34,401	42,265	76,666	18-24
	43.9	56.1	100.0	98,899	126,513	225,412	25-44
	45.3	54.7	100.0	67,348	81,263	148,611	45-64
	50.3	49.7	100.0	24,066	23,819	47,885	65+
	Population	er 100,000	roups Rate p	n Auspices G	tion withi	cent Dist <b>r</b> ibu	Per
	190.9	405.8	596.7	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	Both Sexes.
		77.5		8.4			11 1 10
	46.3		123.8	0.4	6.6	7.1	Under 18.
	46.3 257.5				6.6 17.8	7.1 17.1	Under 18. 18-24
	257.5	622.3	879.8	15.6	17.8	17.1	18-24
			879.8 1017.3	15.6 38.3	17.8 41.0	17.1 40.2	18-24 25-44
	257.5 310.5	622.3 706.8	879.8	15.6	17.8	17.1	18-24
	257.5 310.5 260.8	622.3 706.8 550.7	879.8 1017.3 811.5	15.6 38.3 28.1	17.8 41.0 27.9	17.1 40.2 28.0	18-24 25-44 45-64
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+ Under 18.
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+ Males Under 18. 18-24
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+ Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+ Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2 230.5 51.9	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3 281.7 66.8	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1 100.0 7.6	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9 100.0 7.8	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females Under 18.
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2 230.5 51.9 276.7	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3 281.7 66.8 339.9	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7 616.6	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1 100.0 7.6 14.1	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9 100.0 7.8 14.2	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females Under 18. 18-24
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2 230.5 51.9 276.7 402.1	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3 281.7 66.8 339.9 514.3	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7 616.6 916.4	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1 100.0 7.6 14.1 40.7	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9 100.0 7.8 14.2 42.6	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females Under 18. 18-24 25-44
	257.5 310.5 260.8 186.9 149.0 39.9 236.5 215.7 212.0 159.2 230.5 51.9 276.7	622.3 706.8 550.7 277.2 536.9 87.7 930.9 906.3 750.2 376.3 281.7 66.8 339.9	879.8 1017.3 811.5 464.1 685.9 127.7 1167.5 1121.9 962.2 535.5 512.3 119.7 616.6	15.6 38.3 28.1 9.6 100.0 9.7 18.1 34.4 28.7 9.1 100.0 7.6 14.1	17.8 41.0 27.9 6.7 100.0 5.9 19.8 40.2 28.2 5.9 100.0 7.8 14.2	17.1 40.2 28.0 7.6 100.0 6.7 19.4 38.9 28.3 6.7 100.0 7.7 14.2	18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Males Under 18. 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+  Females Under 18. 18-24

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 10. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT 1/ SERVICES BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, SEX AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971

Sex and Color	All Inpatient Services	Public	Non- Public	All Inpatient Services	Public	Non- Public
	Number	of Admissio	ns		istribution Color Grou	
Both Sexes.	1,224,531	832,763	391,768	100.0%	68.0%	32.0%
Males Females	684,377 540,154	535,691 297,072	148,686 243,082	100.0 100.0	78.3 55.0	21.7 45.0
White	1,017,913	650,019	367,894	100.0	63.9	36.1
Males Females	561,632 456,281	421,306 228,713	140,326 227,568	100.0 100.0	75.0 50.1	25.0 49.9
Nonwhite	206,618	182,744	23,874	100.0	88.4	11.6
Males Females	122,745 83,873	114,385 68,359	8,360 15,514	100.0 100.0	93.2 81.5	6.8 18.5
		stribution W pices Groups		<u>Rates per</u>	100,000 Po	pulation
Both Sexes.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	596.7	405.8	190.9
Males Females	55.9 44.1	64.3 35.7	38.0 62.0	685.9 512.3	536.9 281.7	149.0 230.5
White	100.0	100.0	100.0	<b>56</b> 6•8	362.0	204.9
Males Females	55.2 44.8	64.8 35.2	38.1 61.9	642.1 495.4	481.6 248.3	160.4 247.1
Nonwhite	100.0	100.0	100.0	806 <b>. 1</b>	713.0	93.1
Males Females	59.4 40.6	62.6 37.4	35.0 65.0	998.0 629.1	930.0 512.7	68.0 116.4

Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

DISTRIBUTION OF INPATIENT ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT SERVICES 1/ BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, AND DIACNOSIS, UNITED STATES 1971 TABLE 1.1

Nonpublic	tion	32.0	8.5	24.3	21.9	58.3	42.5	13.4	16.7	40.9	9.33	1000	Charton	190.9	9.	9,1	35.3	78.2	4.2	12.6	5.0	44.8	1.0
Public	Percent Distribution within Diagnostic Group	68.0	91.5	75.7	78.1	41.7	57.5	9,98	83.3	52.6	90.7	100 000 Daniation	100,000	405.8	6.7	28.4	125.8	56.0	5.6	81.4	25.1	66.2	10.4
A11 Inpatient Services	Percent Within Dia	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	Rate	200	596.7	7.4	37.6	161.1	134.3	9.8	0.46	30.2	110.9	11.5
Nonpublic	ions	391,768	1,293	18,730	72,475	160,556	8,520	25,833	10,304	91,842	2,215	within	ro I	100.0	0.3	4.8	18.5	41.0	2.2	9.9	2.6	23.4	9.0
Public	Number of Admissions	832,763	13,838	58,331	258,133	114,999	11,540	167,064	51,578	135,805	21,475	Percent Distribution within	Auspices Groups	100.0	1.7	7.0	31.0	13.8	1.4	20.0	6.2	16.3	2.6
All Inpatient Services	Numbe	1,224,531	15,131	77,061	330,608	275,555	20,060	192,897	61,882	227,647	23,690	Percent I	Ans	100.0	1.2	6.3	27.0	22.5	1.6	15.8	5.1	18.6	1.9
Primary Diagnosis 2/		All Diagnoses	Mental Retardation	Organic Brain Syndromes	Schizophrenia	Depressive Disorders	Other Psychotic Disorders	Alcoholism	Drug Abuse	All Other Disorders	Undiagnosed			All Diagnoses	Mental Ketardation	Organic Brain Syndromes	Schizophrenia	Depressive Disorders	Uther Psychotic Disorders	Alcoholism	Drug Abuse	All Other Disorders	Undlagnosed

Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

Manual - DSM II, American Psychiatric Association, as follows: Mental Retardation 310-315; Organic Brain Syndromes 290,292,293,294 (except 294.3), 309 (except 309.13, 309.14); Schizophrenia 295; Depressive Disorders 296,298.0,300.4; Other Psychotic Disorders 297,298.1-298.9; Alcohol Disorders The diagnostic groupings used in this Table are defined in terms of the Diagnostic and Statistical 291,309.13,303; Drug Disorders 294.3,309.14,304. 7

TABLE 12. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC 1/SERVICES BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, AGE AND SEX, UNITED STATES, 1971

Sex and Age	All Outpatient Services	Publ <b>i</b> c	Non- Public	All Outpatient Services	Public	Non- Public
	Numbe	er of Admissi	ons.	Percent Di	stribution V	Vithin Age-
Both Sexes.	1,317,021	915,075	401,946	100.0%	Sex Group 69.5%	30.5%
Under 18.	356,052	229,281	126,771	100.0	64.4	35.6
18-24	251,462	177,424	74,038	100.0	70.6	29.4
25-44	466,401	338,527	127,874	100.0	72.6	27.4
45-64	212,757	145,696	67,061	100.0	68.5	31.5
65+	30,349	24,147	6,202	100.0	79.6	20.4
OJT	30,349	24,147	0,202	100.0	79.0	20.4
Males	631,716	452,266	179,450	100.0	71.6	28.4
Under 18.	219,397	137,361	82,036	100.0	62.6	37.4
18-24	124,857	90,258	34,599	100.0	72.3	27.7
25-44	188,085	147,930	40,155	100.0	78.7	21.3
45-64	88,946	67,604	21,342	100.0	76.0	24.0
65+	10,431	9,113	1,318	100.0	87.4	12.6
Females	685,305	462,809	222,496	100.0	67.5	32.5
Under 18.	136,655	91,920	44,735	100.0	67.3	32.7
18-24	126,605	87,166	39,439	100.0	68.8	31.2
25-44	278,316	190,597	87,719	100.0	68.5	31.5
45-64	123,811	78,092	45,719	100.0	63.1	36.9
65+	19,918	15,034	4,884	100.0	75.5	24.5
	Percer	nt Distribut				
		Auspices Gro		Rate per	100,000 Popu	lation
Both Sexes.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	641.8	445.9	195.9
Under 18.	27.0	25.1	31.5	503.1	323.9	179.1
18-24	19.1	19.4	18.4	1056.1	745.2	311.0
25-44	35.4	37.0	31.8	964.8	700.3	264.5
45-64	16.2	15.9	16.7	504.2	345 <b>.3</b>	158.9
65+	2.3	2.6	1.6	151.0	120.2	30.9
Males	100.0	100.0	100.0	633.2	453.3	179.9
	34.7	30.4	45.7			
Under 18.	19.8	20.0		608.8	381.1	227.6
18-24	29.8	32.7	19.3	1097.5	793.3	304.1
25-44 45-64	14.1	14.9	22.4 11.9	792.2	623.1	169.1
	1.6	2.0	.7	441.6	335.6	106.0
65+	1.0	2.0	• /	123.1	107.6	15.6
Females	100.0	100.0	100.0	649.9	438.9	211.0
Under 18.	19.9	19.9	20.1	393.4	264.6	128.8
18-24	18.5	18.8	17.7	1018.3	701.1	317.2
25-44	40.6	41.2	39.4	1131.5	774.8	356.6
45-64	18.1	16.9	20.6	561.4	354.1	207.3
65+	2.9	3.2	2.2	171.4	129.4	42.0
1/ Evoludos	***					

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes VA administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 13. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS AND ADMISSION RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION TO OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES 1/BY PUBLIC AND NONPUBLIC AUSPICES, SEX, AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971

Sex and Age	All Outpatient Services	Public	Non- Public	All Outpatient Services	Public	Non- Public
	Numbe	er of Admiss	ions	Percent Dis		
Both Sexes.	1,317,021	915,075	401,946	100.0%	69.5%	<u>s</u> 30.5%
Males Females	631,716 685,305	452,266 462,809	179,450 222, <b>4</b> 96	100.0 100.0	71.6 67.5	28.4 32.5
White	1,088,898	750,145	338,753	100.0	68.9	31.1
Males Females	524,302 564,596	362,648 387,497	161,654 177,099	100.0 100.0	69.2 68.6	30.8 31.4
Nonwhite	228,123	164,930	63,193	100.0	72.3	27.7
Males Females	107,414 120,709	89,618 75,312	17,796 45,397	100.0 100.0	83.4 62.4	16.6 37.6
	Rate per	100,000 Pop	ulation		nt Distrib Auspices (	<del></del>
Both Sexes.	641.8	445.9	195.9	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Males Females	633.2 649.9	453.3 438.9	179.9 211.0	48.0 52.0	49.4 50.6	44.6 55.4
White	606.4	417.7	188.6	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males Females	599.4 613.0	414.6 420.7	184.8 192.3	48.1 51.9	48.3 51.7	47.7 52.3
Nonwhite	890.0	643.5	246.5	100.0	100.0	100.0
Males Females	873.4 905.3	728.7 564.9	144.7 340.5	47. <sub>1</sub> 52.9	54.3 45.7	28.2 71.8

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes VA Administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 14. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT SERVICES 1/ BY TYPE OF FACILITY, SEX, AND AGE, UNITED STATES, 1971

		·					<del></del>
Sex	A11	Psychiatric	Hospitals	VA	Conomal H	2/ lospitals	Community
and	Inpatient		• •	Psychia-	General h		Mental
Age	Services	State and	Private	tric	Public	Non-	Health
		County		Services		Public	Center
			Number o	f Admissi	ons		
Both Sexes	1,224,531	407,640	87,000	134,065	215,158	304,768	75,900
Under 18	87,588	26,352	6,420	268	17,801	26,334	10,413*
18-24	209,489	76,800	12,212	18,769	41,539	49,101	11,068**
25-44	491,785	159,084	31,377	48,263	103,046	118,729	31,286
45-64	342,410	110,760	27,029	59,525	44,223	83,014	17,859
65+	93,259	34,644	9,962	7,240	8,549	27,590	5,274
Males	684,377	240,480	35,502	134,065	126,645	113,184	34,501
Under 18	46,008	16,932	2,941	268	9,395	11,445	5,027*
18-24	132,823	52,296	5,795	18,769	29,769	21,117	5,077**
25-44	266,373	92,820	11,422	48,263	60,155	39,785	13,928
45-64	193,799	61,032	11,597	59,525	22,329	31,098	8,218
65+	45,374	17,400	3,747	7,240	4,997	9,739	2,251
Females	540,154	167,160	51,498	-	88,513	191,584	41,399
Under 18	41,580	9,420	3,479	-	8,406	14,889	5,386*
18-24	76,666	24,504	6,417	-	11,770	27,984	5,991**
25-44	225,412	66,264	19,955	-	42,891	78,944	17,358
45-64	148,611	49,728	15,432	-	21,894	51,916	9,641
65+	47,885	17,244	6,215	-	3,552	17,851	3,023
			Percent :	Distribut	<u>ion</u>		
Both Sexes	100.0%	33.3%	7.1%	10.9%	17.6%	24.9%	6.2%
Under 18	100.0	30.1	7.3	0.3	20.3	30.1	11.9*
18-24	100.0	36.7	5.8	9.0	19.8	23.4	5.3**
25-44	100.0	32.3	6.4	9.8	21.0	24.1	6.4
45-64	100.0	32.4	7.9	17.4	12.9	24.2	5.2
65+	100.0	37.1	10.7	7.8	9.2	29.6	5.6
Males	100.0	35.1	5.2	19.6	18.5	16.5	5.1
Under 18	100.0	36.8	6.4	0.6	20.4	24.9	10.9*
18-24	100.0	39.4	4.4	14.1	22.4	15.9	3.8**
25-44	100.0	34.9	4.3	18.1	22.6	14.9	5.2
45-64	100.0	31.5	6.0	30.7	11.5	16.1	4.2
65+	100.0	38.3	8.3	15.9	11.0	21.5	5.0
Females	100.0	30.9	9.5	-	16.4	35.5	7.7
Under 18	100.0	22.7	8.4	-	20.2	35.8	12.9*
18-24	100.0	32.0	8.4	-	15.3	36.5	7.8**
25-44	100.0	29.4	8.9	-	19.0	35.0	7.7
45-64	100.0	33.5	10.4	-	14.7	34.9	6.5
65+	100.0	36.0	13.0	-	7.4	37.3	6.3
* Under 20							

<sup>\*</sup> Under 20

<sup>\*\* &</sup>lt;del>20-</del>24

Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Data shown for general hospital inpatient services are discharges, not admissions. Due to the short stay of admissions, discharges and admissions are approximately equal.

TABLE 15. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT SERVICES BY TYPE OF FACILITY, SEX AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971

Sex and Color   Color   Services   State and County   Private   Services   Public   Non-Public   Non-Public														
Non-			Psychiatri	e Hospitals		General I	lospitals							
Both Sexes. 1,224,531	1	•	1	Private	tric	Public	1	Health						
Males         684,377 540,154         240,480 167,160         35,502 51,498         134,065 -         126,645 88,513         113,184 191,584         34,501 41,399           White         1,017,913         317,496         83,133         118,651         153,853         284,761         60,019           Males         561,632         190,644         33,798         118,651         84,833         106,528         27,178           Females         456,281         126,852         49,335         -         69,020         178,233         32,841           Nonwhite         206,618         90,144         3,867         15,414         61,305         20,007         15,881           Males         122,745         49,836         1,704         15,414         41,812         6,656         7,323           Females         83,873         40,308         2,163         -         19,493         13,351         8,558           Percent Distribution Within Sex-Color Groups           Both Sexes.         100.0%         33.3%         7.1%         10.9%         17.6%         24.9%         6.2%           Males         100.0         35.1         5.2         19.6         18.5         16.5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Number o</td> <td>f Admissio</td> <td>ns</td> <td></td> <td></td>				Number o	f Admissio	ns								
Females         540,154         167,160         51,498         -         88,513         191,584         41,399           White	Both Sexes	1,224,531	407,640	87,000	134,065	215,158	304,768	75,900						
Males       561,632       190,644       33,798       118,651       84,833       106,528       27,178         Females       456,281       126,852       49,335       - 69,020       178,233       32,841         Nonwhite       206,618       90,144       3,867       15,414       61,305       20,007       15,881         Males       122,745       49,836       1,704       15,414       41,812       6,656       7,323         Females       83,873       40,308       2,163       - 19,493       13,351       8,558         Percent Distribution Within Sex-Color Groups         Both Sexes       100.0%       33.3%       7.1%       10.9%       17.6%       24.9%       6.2%         Males       100.0       35.1       5.2       19.6       18.5       16.5       5.1         Females       100.0       31.2       8.2       11.7       15.1       28.0       5.8         Males       100.0       33.9       6.0       21.1       15.1       19.0       4.9         Females       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males<			•		134,065									
Males         561,632         190,644         33,798         118,651         84,833         106,528         27,178           Females         456,281         126,852         49,335         -         69,020         178,233         32,841           Nonwhite         206,618         90,144         3,867         15,414         61,305         20,007         15,881           Males         122,745         49,836         1,704         15,414         41,812         6,656         7,323           Females         83,873         40,308         2,163         -         19,493         13,351         8,558           Percent Distribution Within Sex-Color Groups           Both Sexes         100.0%         33.3%         7.1%         10.9%         17.6%         24.9%         6.2%           Males         100.0         35.1         5.2         19.6         18.5         16.5         5.1           Females         100.0         31.2         8.2         11.7         15.1         28.0         5.8           Males         100.0         33.9         6.0         21.1         15.1         19.0         4.9           Females         100.0         43.6<	White	1,017,913	317,496	83,133	118,651	153,853	284,761	60,019						
Males         122,745         49,836         1,704         15,414         41,812         6,656         7,323           Females         Percent Distribution Within Sex-Color Groups           Both Sexes         100.0%         33.3%         7.1%         10.9%         17.6%         24.9%         6.2%           Males         100.0         35.1         5.2         19.6         18.5         16.5         5.1           Females         100.0         30.9         9.5         -         16.4         35.5         7.7           White         100.0         31.2         8.2         11.7         15.1         28.0         5.8           Males         100.0         33.9         6.0         21.1         15.1         19.0         4.9           Females         100.0         27.8         10.8         -         15.1         39.1         7.2           Nonwhite         100.0         43.6         1.9         7.4         29.7         9.7         7.7           Males         100.0         40.6         1.4         12.5         34.1         5.4         6.0           Females         100.0%					118,651			27,178						
Percent Distribution Within Sex-Color Groups	Nonwhite	206,618	90,144	3,867	15,414	61,305	20,007	15,881						
Both Sexes.       100.0%       33.3%       7.1%       10.9%       17.6%       24.9%       6.2%         Males       100.0       35.1       5.2       19.6       18.5       16.5       5.1         Females       100.0       30.9       9.5       -       16.4       35.5       7.7         White       100.0       31.2       8.2       11.7       15.1       28.0       5.8         Males       100.0       33.9       6.0       21.1       15.1       19.0       4.9         Females       100.0       27.8       10.8       -       15.1       39.1       7.2         Nonwhite       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       40.6       1.4       12.5       34.1       5.4       6.0         Females       100.0       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0% <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>15,414 -</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					15,414 -									
Males       100.0       35.1       5.2       19.6       18.5       16.5       5.1         Females       100.0       30.9       9.5       -       16.4       35.5       7.7         White       100.0       31.2       8.2       11.7       15.1       28.0       5.8         Males       100.0       33.9       6.0       21.1       15.1       19.0       4.9         Females       100.0       27.8       10.8       -       15.1       39.1       7.2         Nonwhite       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       40.6       1.4       12.5       34.1       5.4       6.0         Females       100.0       48.1       2.6       -       23.2       15.9       10.2         Percent Distribution Within Facility Type         Both Sexes       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100			Percent I	Distributio	n Within S	ex-Color (	Groups							
Females 100.0 30.9 9.5 - 16.4 35.5 7.7  White 100.0 31.2 8.2 11.7 15.1 28.0 5.8  Males 100.0 33.9 6.0 21.1 15.1 19.0 4.9  Females 100.0 27.8 10.8 - 15.1 39.1 7.2  Nonwhite 100.0 43.6 1.9 7.4 29.7 9.7 7.7  Males 100.0 40.6 1.4 12.5 34.1 5.4 6.0  Females 100.0 48.1 2.6 - 23.2 15.9 10.2  Percent Distribution Within Facility Type  Both Sexes 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0% 100.0%  Males 55.9 59.0 40.8 100.0 58.9 37.1 45.5  Females 44.1 41.0 59.2 - 41.1 62.9 54.5  White 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0  Males 55.2 60.0 40.7 100.0 55.1 37.4 45.9  Females 44.8 40.0 59.3 - 44.9 62.6 54.7  Nonwhite 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0  Males 59.4 55.3 44.1 100.0 68.2 33.3 46.1	Both Sexes	100.0%	33.3%	7.1%	10.9%	17.6%	24.9%	6.2%						
Males       100.0       33.9       6.0       21.1       15.1       19.0       4.9         Females       100.0       27.8       10.8       -       15.1       39.1       7.2         Nonwhite       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       40.6       1.4       12.5       34.1       5.4       6.0         Females       100.0       48.1       2.6       -       23.2       15.9       10.2         Percent Distribution Within Facility Type         Both Sexes       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0       100					19.6									
Females       100.0       27.8       10.8       -       15.1       39.1       7.2         Nonwhite       100.0       43.6       1.9       7.4       29.7       9.7       7.7         Males       100.0       40.6       1.4       12.5       34.1       5.4       6.0         Females       100.0       48.1       2.6       -       23.2       15.9       10.2         Percent Distribution Within Facility Type         Both Sexes.       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0<	White	100.0	31.2	8.2	11.7	15.1	28.0	5.8						
Males       100.0       40.6       1.4       12.5       34.1       5.4       6.0         Females       Percent Distribution Within Facility Type         Both Sexes       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0					21.1									
Females       100.0       48.1       2.6       - 23.2       15.9       10.2         Percent Distribution Within Facility Type         Both Sexes       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0       58.9       37.1       45.5         Females       44.1       41.0       59.2       -       41.1       62.9       54.5         White       100.0 <th <="" colspan="6" td=""><td>Nonwhite</td><td>100.0</td><td>43.6</td><td>1.9</td><td>7.4</td><td>29.7</td><td>9.7</td><td>7.7</td></th>	<td>Nonwhite</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>43.6</td> <td>1.9</td> <td>7.4</td> <td>29.7</td> <td>9.7</td> <td>7.7</td>						Nonwhite	100.0	43.6	1.9	7.4	29.7	9.7	7.7
Both Sexes       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0%       100.0       58.9       37.1       45.5       55.5       54.5         White       100.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>12.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					12.5									
Males 55.9 59.0 40.8 100.0 58.9 37.1 45.5 Females 44.1 41.0 59.2 - 41.1 62.9 54.5  White 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Males 55.2 60.0 40.7 100.0 55.1 37.4 45.9 Females 44.8 40.0 59.3 - 44.9 62.6 54.7  Nonwhite 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Males 59.4 55.3 44.1 100.0 68.2 33.3 46.1			Percent	Distributi	on Within	Facility T	уре							
Females       44.1       41.0       59.2       -       41.1       62.9       54.5         White       100.0	Both Sexes	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%						
Males 55.2 60.0 40.7 100.0 55.1 37.4 45.9 Females 44.8 40.0 59.3 - 44.9 62.6 54.7  Nonwhite 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 Males 59.4 55.3 44.1 100.0 68.2 33.3 46.1					100.0									
Females 44.8 40.0 59.3 - 44.9 62.6 54.7  Nonwhite 100.0 100.	White	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
Males 59.4 55.3 44.1 100.0 68.2 33.3 46.1					100.0									
	Nonwhite	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0						
					100.0									

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multi-service facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> Data shown for general hospital inpatient services are discharges, not admissions.
Due to the short stay of admissions, discharges and admissions are approximately equal.

TABLE 16. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO PSYCHIATRIC INPATIENT SERVICES 1/ BY TYPE OF

FACILITY, AND	DIAGNOSIS,	UNITED STA		1			
		Psychia			General H	3	Community
Des formers	A11	Hospi	tals	VA	General H	ospitais	Mental
Primary	Inpatient	State		Psych.		Non-	Health
Diagnosis 2/	Services	and	Private	Serv.	Public	Public	Center
		County		berv.			OCITECT
			Number	of Admiss	ions		
All Diagnoses	1,224,531	407,640	87,000	134,065	215,158	304,768	75,900
Mental Retardation	15,131	9,888	227	218	2,290	1,066	1,442
Organic Brain Syndromes	77,061	35,988	4,052	10,447	<b>8,</b> 860	14,678	3,036
Schizophrenia	330,608	120,492	18,791	37,745	83,046	53,684	16,850
Depressive Disorders	275,555	45,180	34,409	18,739	32,409	126,147	18,671
Other Psychotic	275,555	45,100	34,407	10,737	32,400	120,147	10,071
Disorders	20,060	3,120	2,395	970	4,490	6,125	2,960
Alcoholism	192,897	105,216	8,296	26,406	26,182	17,537	9,260
Drug Abuse	61,882	26,004	2,451	4,145	18,393	7,853	3,036
All Other Disorders	227,647	58,680	15,383	33,518	28,730	76,459	14,877
Undiagnosed	23,690	3,072	996	1,877	10,758	1,219	5,768
Undiagnosed	*	-		-	•		5,700
					Diagnostic		
All Diagnoses	100.0%	33.3%	7.1%	10.9%	17.6%	24.9%	6.2%
Mental Retardation	100.0	65.4	1.5	1.4	15.1	7.1	9.5
Organic Brain Syndromes	100.0	46.7	5.3	13.6	11.5	19.0	3.9
Schizophrenia	100.0	36.5	5.7	11.4	25.1	16.2	5.1
Depressive Disorders	100.0	16.4	12.5	6.8	11.7	45.8	6.8
Other Psychotic						,	
Disorders	100.0	15.6	11.9	4.8	22.4	30.5	14.8
Alcoholism	100.0	54.5	4.3	13.7	13.6	9.1	4.8
Drug Abuse	100.0	42.0	4.0	6.7	29.7	12.7	4.9
All Other Disorders	100.0	25.48	6.8	14.7	12.6	33.6	6.5
Undiagnosed	100.0	13.0	4.2	7.9	45.5	5.1	24.3
0					in Facility		_,,,
All Diagnoses	100.0%				100.0%		100.0%
All Diagnoses	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Mental Retardation	1.2	2.4	0.3	0.2	1.1	0.3	1.9
Organic Brain Syndromes	6.3	8.8	4.6	7.8	4.1	4.8	4.0
Schizophrenia	27.0	29.6	21.6	28.1	38.6	17.6	22.2
Depressive Disorders	22.5	11.1	39.6	14.0	15.1	41.4	24.6
Other Psychotic							
Disorders	1.6	0.8	2.8	0.7	2.1	2.0	3.9
Alcoholism	15.8	25.8	9.5	19.7	12.2	5.8	12.2
Drug Abuse	5.1	6.4	2.8	3.1	8.5	2.6	4.0
All Other Disorders	18.6	14.3	17.7	25.0	13.3	25.1	19.6
Undiagnosed	1.9	0.8	1.1	1.4	5.0	0.4	7.6

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children and other multiservice facilities for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

<sup>2/</sup> The diagnostic groupings used in this Table are defined in terms of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual - DSM II, American Psychiatric Association, as follows: Mental Retardation 310-315; Organic Brain Syndromes 290,292,293,294, (except 294.3),309 (except 309.13,309.14); Schizophrenia 295; Depressive Disorders 296,298.0,300.4; Other Psychotic Disorders 297,298.1-298.9; Alcohol Disorders 291,309.13,303; Drug Disorders 294.3,309.14, 304.

<sup>3/</sup> Data shown for general hospital inpatient services are discharges, not admissions. Due to the short stay of admissions, discharges and admissions are approximately equal.

TABLE 17. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES BY AFFILIATION, AGE AND SEX, UNITED STATES, 1971

Con	A 1 1	Press		Affiliated C	linics	
Sex and Age	All Outpatient Services	Free Standing Clinics	General Hospital	State and County Men. Hosp.	Community MH Center	Other
·			Number of Ac	dmissions		
Both Sexes	1,317,021	484,677	282,677	129,133	335,648	84,886
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+	356,052 251,462 466,401 212,757 30,349	178,420 92,860 130,707 75,007 7,683	38,533 69,653 119,891 46,874 7,726	17,504 22,235 55,427 29,423 4,544	102,669* 52,200** 120,841 50,277 9,661	18,926 14,514 39,535 11,176 735
Males	631,716	259,583	117,765	56,684	161,104	36,580
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64	219,397 124,857 188,085 88,946 10,431	114,069 47,880 59,292 35,479 2,863	26,004 35,622 41,820 12,674 1,645	11,758 9,978 20,957 12,116 1,875	57,267* 23,862** 52,797 23,130 4,048	10,299 7,515 13,219 5,547 0
Females	6 <b>85</b> ,305	225,094	164,912	72,449	174,544	48,306
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64	136,655 126,605 278,316 123,811 19,918	64,351 44,980 71,415 39,528 4,820	12,529 34,031 78,071 34,200 6,081	5,746 12,257 34,470 17,307 2,669	45,402* 28,338** 68,044 27,147 5,613	8,627 6,999 26,316 5,629 735
			Percent Dist	tribution		
Both Sexes	100.0%	36.8%	21.5%	9.8%	25.5%	6.4%
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64 65+	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	50.1 36.9 28.0 35.3 25.3	10.8 27.7 25.7 22.0 25.5	4.9 8.8 11.9 13:8 15.0	28.9* 20.8** 25.9 23.6 31.8	5.3 5.8 8.5 5.3 2.4
Males	100.0	41.1	1,8.6	9.0	25.5	5.8
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	52.0 38.4 31.5 39.9 27.4	11.9 28.5 22.2 14.3 15.8	5.3 8.0 11.2 13.6 18.0	26.1* 19.1** 28.1 26.0 38.8	4.7 6.0 7.0 6.2 0.0
Females	100.0	32.8	24.1	10.6	25.5	7.0
Under 18 18-24 25-44 45-64	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	47.1 35.5 25.7 31.9 24.2	9.2 26.9 28.0 27.6 30.5	4.2 9.7 12.4 14.0 13.4	33.2* 22.4** 24.4 21.9 28.2	6.3 5.5 9.5 4.6 3.7

<sup>\*</sup> Under 20

<sup>\*\* 20-24</sup> 

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes VA Administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

TABLE 18. DISTRIBUTION OF ADMISSIONS TO OUTPATIENT PSYCHIATRIC SERVICES BY AFFILIATION, SEX AND COLOR, UNITED STATES, 1971.

			<del>,</del>	<del></del>		
Sex	A11	Free		Affiliated C	linics	
and Color	Outpatient Services	Standing Clinics	General Hospital	State and County Men.Hosp.	Community MH Center	Other
			Number of Ad	missions		
Both Sexes	1,317,021	484 677	282,677	129,133	335,648	84,886
Males Females	631,716 685,305	259,583 225,094	117,765 164,912	56,684 72,449	161,104 174,544	36,580 48,306
White	1,088,898	426,626	229,384	103,761	265,371	63,756
Males	524,302	224,864	100,132	45,533	126,909	26,864
Females	564,596	201,762	129,252	58,228	138,462	36,892
Nonwhite	228,123	58,051	53,293	25,372	70,277	21,130
Males Females	107,414 120,709	34,719 23,332	17,633 35,660	11,151 14,221	34,195 36,082	9,716 11,414
			Percent Dist	ribution		
Both Sexes	100.0%	36.8%	21.5%	9.8%	25.5%	6.4%
Males	100.0	41.1	18.6	9.0	25.5	5.8
Females	100.0	32.8	24.1	10.6	25.5	7.0
White	100.0	39.2	21.1	9.5	24.4	5.8
Males	100.0	42.9	19.1	8.7	24.2	5.1
Females	100.0	35.7	22.9	10.3	24.5	6.6
Nonwhite	100.0	25.4	23.4	11.1	30.8	9.3
Males	100.0	32.3	16.4	10.4	31.8	9.1
Females	100.0	19.3	29.5	11.8	29.9	9.5

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes VA Administration hospitals and residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children for which the demographic characteristics of admissions were not available.

NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY AGE, SEX, AND DIAGNOSIS, ALL PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES  $\underline{1}$ , UNITED STATES 1971 TABLE 19.

	65+		263,264	4,574	,4	ွတ္	တ္	٦,	19,552	$\infty$	$\infty$	0,	115,563	2,101	47,543	21,352	14,599	2,704	16,166	1,375	5,257	<b>_</b>	147,701	2,473	52,911	30,504	35,297	5,573	3,386	426	12,545	4,586
	42-64	les	888,231	00	9	٠ <u>٠</u>	5	27,125	159,996	9,764	3	41,364	2	_ c	5,7	3,1	4,	ຼ∞ຼ	2	3,604	6,8	8,6	444,942	7	20,337	34	22	25	73	91	77,151	57
(in years)	25-44	nt Care Episod	~~	,37	~~		$\sim 1$	_	155,580		- 1		•	•	4,	•	•	. ຄ	•	9	•	တိ	766,744	698,6	12,925	220,296	173,068	10,791	32,093	11,140	239,382	57,680
Age (i	18-24	nber of Patien	1,	9	12,931	5,	5	6,565	15,519	2,	270,481	5	ຕຸ	3,6	9,	5,1	1,	9	e,	•	$\vdash$	8,2	,26	,92	4,331	385	,31	,58	,18	90,	140,282	27,711
	Under 18	Numbe	743,237	55,264	19,128	42,035	24,250	2,408	2,373	13,072	475,255	109,452	447,959	35,288	11,511	26,736	9,110	1,183	1,861	8,829	7	69,441	_	9,97	7,617	5,29	-+	$\sim$ 1	512	4,243	191,255	40,011
	Tota1		4,009,506	122,60	216,153	901,119	615,261	61,851	353,020	117,069	1,300,728	321,696	_	75,79	$\sim$	$\sim 1$	$\sim$ 1	$\sim$	_	83,015	_	169,033	1,964,930	46,819	98,121	449,295	414,039	39,419	69,905	34,054	660,615	152,663
Sev and Diagnosis $\frac{2}{2}$	טיים מוומ הדמקווססדט		Both Sexes	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All Other	Undiagnosed	Males	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All Other	Undiagnosed	Females	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All Other	Undiagnosed

NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY AGE, SEX, AND DIAGNOSIS, ALL PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES 1/, UNITED STATES 1971 (Continued) TABLE 19.

	<del>65+</del>		100.0	1.7	38.2	19.7	19.0	3.1	7.4	0.7	8.9	3.4	•	100.0	1.8	41.1	18.5	12.6	2.3	14.0	1.2	9.4	3.9	100.0	1.7	35.8	20.6	23.9	3.8	2.3	0.3	8.5	3.1
	49-54		100.0	2.1	6.3	26.5	23.2	3.0	18.0	1.1	15.1	4.7	4	100.0	2.2	8.1	23.3	17.7	2.0	28.9	0.8	12.8	4.2	100.0	2.0	9.4	29.8	28.6	4.1	7.1	1.4	17.3	5.1
(in years)	25-44	ent	100.0	1.7	1.9	29.0	17.0	1.2	10.9	2.8	28.1	7.4	•	100.0	2.3	2.2	29.3	10.5	1.0	18.5	4.4	24.6	7.2	100.0	1.2	1.7	28.7	22.6	1.4	4.2	1.5	31.2	7.5
Age (ir	18-24	Percent	100.0	2.8	1.9	22.9	13.6	1.0	2.3	7.6	39.7	8.2	,	100.0	3.7	2.3	28.3	7.9	0.8	3.6	10.8	35.0	7.6	100.0	1.9	1.4	16.4	20.4	1.2	0.7	3.9	45.2	8.9
	Under 18		100.0	7.4	2.6	5.7	3,3	0.3	0.3	1.8	63.9	14.7		100.0	7.9	2.5	0.9	2.0	0.3	7.0	2.0	63.4	15.5	100.0	8.9	2.6	5.2	5.1	<b>7.</b> 0	0.2	1.4	8.49	13.5
	Total		100.0	3.1	5.4	22.5	15.4	1.5	& & &	2.9	32.4	8.0		100.0	3.7	5.8	22.1	8.6	1.1	13.8	4.1	31.3	8.3	100.0	2.4	5.0	22.9	21.1	2.0	3.5	1.7	33.6	7.8
2/2	סבע מוות הדמפווספדפ		Both Sexes	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All_Other	Undiagnosed		Males	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All_Other	Undiagnosed	Females	Mental Retardation.	Organic Brain Syn	Schizophrenia	Depressive Dis	Other Psychoses	Alcohol Abuse	Drug Abuse	All Other	Undiagnosed

NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY AGE, SEX, AND DIAGNOSIS, ALL PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES 1/, UNITED STATES 1971 (Continued) TABLE 19.

10			Age (i	Age (in years)		
Sex and Diagnosis='	Total	Under 18	18-24	25-44	45-64	65+
		141	Rate per 100,000	300 Population		
Both Sexes	1953.8	552.9	2862.8	2964.7	2105.0	1310.2
Mental Retardation.	59.7	41.1	82.3	50.4	44.5	22.8
Organic Brain Syn	105.3	14.2	54.3	57.0	133.0	6.664
Schizophrenia	439.1	31,3	655.0	860.2	558.0	258.1
Depressive Dis	299.8	18.0	388.5	502.5	487.4	248.3
Other Psychoses	30.1	1.8	27.6	36.2	64.3	41.2
Alcohol Abuse	172.0	1.8	65.2	321.8	379.2	97.3
Drug Abuse	57.0	7.6	218.9	83.4	23.1	0.6
All Other	633.8	353.5	1136.0	834.1	317.5	988.6
Undiagnosed	156.8	81.4	234.9	219.1	0.86	45.1
Males	2049.2	702.9	3264.3	2806.8	2200.8	1363.9
Mental Retardation.	0.97	55.4	120.2	63.2	48.2	24.8
Organic Brain Syn	118.3	18.1	75.6	61.6	177.6	561.1
Schizophrenia	452.9	41.9	923.9	823.5	511.9	252.0
Depressive Dis	201.7	14.3	256.6	294.3	389.5	172.3
Other Psychoses	22.5	1.9	26.2	28.2	44.1	31.9
Alcohol Abuse	283.8	2.9	117.2	520.1	636.8	190.8
Drug Abuse	83.2	13.9	351.9	122.9	17.9	16.2
All Other	641.6	445.6	1144.4	690.1	282.1	62.0
Undiagnosed	169.4	109.0	248.1	203.1	92.8	52.7
Females	1863.5	417.6	2495.5	3117.1	2017.5	1271.1
Mental Retardation.	7.77	28.3	47.7	38.1	41.1	21.3
Organic Brain Syn	93.1	10.8	34.8	52.5	92.2	455.3
Schizophrenia	426.1	21.6	0.604	895.6	600.1	262.5
Depressive Dis	392.7	21.4	509.2	703.6	576.9	303.8
Other Psychoses	37.4	1.7	28.8	43.9	82.8	78.0
Alcohol Abuse	66.3	0.7	17.5	130.5	143.9	29.1
Drug Abuse	32.3	0.9	97.2	45.3	27.9	3.7
All Other	626.5	270.5	1128.3	973.2	349.8	108.0
Undiagnosed	144.8	9.95	222.9	234.5	102.8	39.5
		The state of the s				

children, and outpatient psychiatric services of the VA hospitals. For these facilities or services, 1/ Excludes episodes of care in day treatment services the inpatient services of "other multi-service mental health facilities, all services of residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed demographic data on the episodes of care were not available. See Part III of this paper for a discussion of the impact of these exclusions.

The diagnostic groupings used in this Table are defined in terms of the Diagnostic and Statistical Brain Syndromes 290,292,293, 294 (except 294.3) 309 (except 309.13, 309.14); Schizophrenia 295; Depressive Disorders 296,298.0,300.4; Other Psychotic Disorders 297,298.1-298.9; Alcohol Disorders Manual-DSM II, American Psychiatric Association, as follows: Mental Retardation 310-315; Organic 291,309.13,303; Drug Disorders 294.3,309.14,304.

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NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY AGE AND SEX BY TYPE OF PSYCHIATRIC FACILITY, ALL PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES  $\underline{1}$ , UNITED STATES, 1971 TABLE 20.

			Inpa	Inpatient Services of:	es of:		Outpatien	Outpatient Services of:
Sex and Age	Total A11 Facilities	State and County Mental Hospitals	Private Mental Hospitals	VA Hospitals	Genl. Hosp. Inpt.Psych. Units (excl. VA)	Community Mental Health Centers	Community Mental Health Centers	Other Outpatient Psychiatric Services
			Number	er of Patient	t Care Episodes	des		
Both Sexes	4,009,506	745,259	97,963	176,800	542,642	130,088	622,906	1,693,848
18-24	681,641	97,285	14,095	20,967	94,569	18,190	92,609	343,926
25-44	1,433,133	236,337	34,253	59,738	231,376	53,197	221,796	596,436
45-64	888,231	238,710	29,525	79,885	132,863	31,396	95,412	280,440
65+	263,264	133,731	12,422	16,210	37,769	9,213	18,212	35,707
Males	2,044,576	411,907	39,756	172,433	250,087	59,133	298,985	812,275
Under 18	447,959	25,420	3,548	1	21,743	8,768	108,644	279,836
18-24	371,376	66,128	6,753	20,877	53,039	8,270	41,992	174,317
25-44	686,389	137,937	12,492	58,684	104,158	23,480	96,131	233,507
45-64	443,289	125,007	12,507	77,320	55,759	14,627	44,471	113,598
65+	115,563	57,415	4,456	15,552	15,388	3,988	7,747	11,017
Females	1.964.930	333,352	58,207	4.367	292,555	70,955	323,921	881,573
Under 18	295,278	13,776	4,120		24,322	9,324	86,233	157,503
18-24	310,265	31,157	7,342	06	41,530	9,920	50,617	169,609
25-44	766,744	98,400	21,761	1,054	127,218	29,717	125,665	362,929
45-64	444,942	113,703	17,018	2,565	77,104	16,769	50,941	166,842
65+	147,701	76,316	7,966	658	22,381	5,225	10,465	24,690

NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY AGE AND SEX BY TYPE OF PSYCHIATRIC FACILITY, ALE PSICHIATRIC FACILITIES, UNITED STATES, 1971 (Continued) TABLE 20.

			Inpat	Inpatient Services of:	es of:		Outpatient Services	Services of:
Sex and Age	Total A11 Facilities	State and County Mental Hospitals	Private Mental Hospitals	VA Hospitals	Genl. Hosp. Inpt. Psych Units (excl. VA)	Community Mental Health Centers	Community Mental Health Centers	Other Outpatient Psychiatric Services
				Per	Percent Distribution	ution		
Both Sexes	100.0	18.6	2.5	4.4	13.5	3.2	15.5	42.3
Under 18	100.0	5.3	1.0	0.0	6.2	2.4	26.2	58.9
18-24	100.0	14.3	2.1	3.0	13.9	2.7	13.6	50.4
25-44	100.0	16.5	2.4	4.2	16.1	3.7	15.5	41.6
45-64	100.0	26.9	3.3	0.6	15.0	3.5	10.7	31.6
65+	100.0	50.8	4.7	6.2	14.3	3.5	6.9	13.6
Mala	0 001	1 00	0	CC LL	10 0	c	7,7	7 00
		7 1			7.7	, ,		
Under 18	100.0	2.1	×.0	0.0	φ. <sub>4</sub>	7.0	24.2	62.5
18-24	100.0	17.8	1.8	5.6	14.3	2.2	11.3	0.74
25-44	100.0	20.7	1.9	8.8	15.6	3.5	14.4	35.1
45-64	100.0	28.2	2.8	17.4	12.6	3.3	10.0	25.7
65+	100.0	49.7	3.8	13,5	13.2	3.5	6.7	9.5
Females	100.0	17.0	2.9	0.2	14.9	3.6	16.5	6.44
Under 18	100.0	4.7	1.4	0.0	8.2	3.2	29.2	53.3
18-24	100.0	10.0	2.4	*	13.4	3.2	16.3	54.7
25-44	100.0	12.9	2.8	0.1	16.6	3.9	16.4	47.3
45-64	100.0	25.6	3.8	9.0	17.3	3.8	11.4	37.5
65+	100.0	51.7	5.4	7.0	15.2	3.5	7.1	16.7
1000 then 05	4							8

 $\star$  Less than .05 percent  $1/\sqrt{1}$  Excludes episodes of care in day treatment services the inpatient services of "other multi-service mental health psychiatric services of the VA hospitals. For these facilities or services, demographic data on the episodes of facilities, all services of residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children, and outpatient See Part III of this paper for a discussion of the impact of these exclusions. care were not available.

TABLE 21.

ONLIED SIRIES,							Outnationt	Outnationt Services of:
			Inpatient	Services or:	10.000		Out part and	
Sex and Diagnosis 2/	Total	State & Cnty	Priv.Men.	VA	Gen. Hospital Inpt. Psych U.	CMHC		Other Outpt.
	Facilities	Mental	Hospitals	Hospitals	(Excl.VA)		CMHC	Psych. Serv.
			Number	of Patient	Care Episodes			
	4,009,506	745,259	97,963	176,800	542,642	130,088	622,906	1,693,848
•	122,609	40,227	302	233	3,495	2,509	23,588	52,255
:	216 153	104.015	5.292	18,627	24,573	5,184	12,903	45,559
Organic brain syndromes	901 119	283 462	22,289	60,045	142,493	28,885	62,934	301,011
Schizophrenia	615 261	65.420	37,422	21,099	165,749	32,018	80,135	213,418
Depressive Disorders	61 851	7,785	2,568	1,330	11,078	5,049	7,383	26,658
Other Psychoses	353 020	125,022	8,782	32,456	45,563	15,803	39,483	85,911
Alcohol Disorders	117,050	28,522	2,686	4,455	27,333	5,175	21,612	27, 295
Drug Disorders	1 300 728	74,300	17,051	36,599	109,911	25,542	249,662	787,663
All Uther	221,500,120	16,515	1.571	1,956	12,447	9,923	125,206	154,078
Undiagnosed	321,030	711 907	39.756	172,433	250,087	59,133	298,985	812,275
Males	2,044,070	73 370	156	233	2,762	1,456	13,595	34,218
Mental Ketardation	007,07	7,7,505	2 175	18.246	14,201	2,524	7,072	26,249
Organic Brain Syndromes	110,032	141,090	8.619	58,158	74,971	12,789	29,456	126,057
Schizophrenia	43 1, 024	77 616	12 000	20,166	45,688	10,142	23,632	696,99
Depressive Disorders	201,242	22,010	703	1,242	5,539	2,430	2,954	7,121
Other Psychoses	22,432	777	067	36 320	33,674	11,690	31,253	66,462
Alcohol Disorders	283, 115	101,477	1,537	7, 212	18,601	2,743	15,040	20,097
Drug Disorders	83,015	20,1/2	1,349	35,899	44,714	10,760	116,669	383,115
All Other,	160,113	10.588	622	1.956	9,937	4,599	59,344	81,987
nuaragnosed	1 967, 930	333 352	58.207	4,367	292,555	70,955	323,921	881,573
remates	7,704,738	16.857	146	•	733	1,053	6,993	18,037
Mencal Ketardation	98 121	56.420	3,147	381	10,372	2,660	5,831	19,310
Organic brain syndromes	70, 07,	141 658	13,670	1,887	67,522	16,096	33,508	174,954
Schizonhrenia	717, 039	42,804	25,413	933	120,061	21,876	56,503	146,449
Depressive Disorders	20 710	5 432	1,775	88	5,539	2,619	4,429	19,537
Other Psychoses	39,41	77.100	5,7,7	136	11,889	4,113	8,230	19,449
Alcohol Disorders	69,905	23,343	1 137	242	8,732	2,432	6,572	7,198
Drug Disorders	34,054	1+/,/	0 7.27	700	65,197	14,782	132,993	404,548
All Other	150,000	52,900	0,46	) I	2,510	5,324	65,862	72,091
Undiagnosed	152,663	2,921	949		2,01	^ I		

PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES BY DIAGNOSIS AND SEX, BY TYPE OF PSYCHIATRIC FACILITY, ALL FACILITIES 1/, UNITED STATES, 1971 (Continued) TABLE 21.

44)

			F	-	Ų			
~ ~	Total		Inpatient	lent servi	ा		Ourparient	Servi
Sex and Diagnosis 2/	A11	w	ate	VA	õ	0	O. D. C.	ther 0
7	Facilities	Mental Hosp.	Mental Hosp	<b>⊣</b> I	Psych. Unit	CIMHC	CMHC	Fsych. serv.
1	(	(		ent		(		
Both Sexes	100.0	18.0	•	<b>†.</b> †	•	3.2		42.3
Mental Retardation	100.0	32.8		0.2		2.1	•	45.6
Organic Brain Syndromes	100.0	48.1	•	8.6	11.4	5.4	0.9	21.1
Schizophrenia	100.0	31.4	•	6.7	15.8	3.2	7.0	33.4
Depressive Disorders	100.0	10.6	•	3.4	27.0	5.2	13.0	34.7
Other Psychoses	100.0	12.6	4.1	2.2	17.9	8.2	11.9	43.1
Alcohol Disorders	100.0	35.4	•	9.2	12.9	4.5	11.2	24.3
Drug Disorders	100.0	24.4	•	3.8	23.3	4.4	18.5	23.3
All Other	100.0	5.7	•	2.8	8.4	2.0	19.2	<b>9.</b> 09
Undiagnosed	100.0	5.1	0.5	9.0	3.9	3.1	38.9	6.74
Males	100.0	20.1	2.0	8.5	12.2	2.9	14.6	39.7
Mental Retardation	100.0	30.8	0.2	0.4			18.0	45.1
Organic Brain Syndromes	100.0	40.3	•	15.5	12.0	2.2	•	22.2
Schizophrenia	100.0	31.4	1.9	12.9	16.6		6.5	27.9
Depressive Disorders	100.0	11.2	•	•	22.7	5.0	11.8	33.3
Other Psychoses	100.0	10.5	3.5	5.6	•	10.8	13.2	31.7
Alcohol Disorders	100.0	u)	•	11.4	11.9	4.1	11.1	
Drug Disorders	100.0	•	•	5.1	22.4	3.3	18.1	
All Other	100.0	6.5	1.2	•	•	1.7	18.2	59.8
Undiagnosed	100.0	6.3	0.4	1.1	5.9	2.7	35.1	
Females	100.0	17.0	2.9	0.2	14.9	3.6	16.5	6,44
Mental Retardation	100.0	36.0	•	0.0	1.6	2.2	21.4	38.5
Organic Brain Syndromes	100.0	57.5	3.2	7.0	10.6	2.7	5.9	19.7
Schizophrenia	100.0	31.5	•	0.4	15.0	3.6	7.5	39.0
Depressive Disorders	100.0	10.3	6.2	0.2	29.0	5.3	13.6	35.4
Other Psychoses	100.0	13.8	•	0.2	14.0	9.9	11.3	9.67
Alcohol Disorders	100.0	33.7	•	•		5.9	11.8	27.8
Drug Disorders	100.0	22.7	•		•	•	19.3	
All Other	100.0	0.0	1.4	0.1	6.6	2.2	20.1	61.3
Undiagnosed	100.0	3.9	• [	•	•	•	43.1	•
1/ Excludes episodes of care in	day	ent	services the in	inpatient se	services of "other	multi	-service mental	al health
focilities oll committee of t	•	dontial treat	nont contore	for onotio	tionolly dictorbod	oh: 1 dron	and cutton	tiont noundi-

facilities, all services of residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children, and outpatient psychiatric services of the VA hospitals. For these facilities or services, demographic data on the episodes of care were not available. See Part III of this paper for a discussion of the impact of these exclusions.

(except 294.3) 309 (except 309.13,309.14); Schizophrenia 295; Depressive Disorders 296,298.0,300.4; Other Psychotic American Psychiatric Association, as follows: Mental Retardation 310-315; Organic Brain Syndromes 290,292,293,294 Disorders 297,298.1-298.9; Alcohol Disorders 291,309.13,303; Drug Disorders 294.3,309.14,304.

The diagnostic groupings used in this Table are defined in terms of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual-DSM 11,

2/

NUMBER AND PERCENT DISTRIBUTION AND RAIE PER 100,000 POPULATION OF PATIENT CARE EPISODES, BY TYPE OF FACILITY, ALL PSYCHIATRIC FACILITIES, UNITED STATES, 1955, 1967, 1969, and 1971 TABLE 22.

	Total		Inpatient Services of	ervices of:				Outpatient P	Outpatient Psychiatric Services of:	ervices of:
Year	All Facilities	Ali Inpt. Services	State & Cnty, Priv.Men. Mental Hosp, Hospitals	Priv.Men. Hospitals*	Priv.Men. General Hosp./ Hospitals* Psych.Service	/ VA Hospitals	CMHC	All Outpt. Services	СМНС	Other
				zi	Number of Patient Care Episodes	t Care Episod	හ <u> </u>			
1971	4,038,143	1,721,389	745,259	126,600	542,642	176,800	130,088	2,316,754	622,906	1,693,848
1969	3,572,822	1,678,371	767,115	123,850	535,493	186,913	65,000	1,894,451	291.148	1,603,303
1967	3,139,742	1,659,391	801,354	124,258	578,513	128,196	27,070.	1,480,351	97,351	1,383,000
1955	2,636,525	1,296,352	818,832	123,231	265,934	88,355		379,000	, ,	379,000
					Percent Distribution	stribution				
1971	100.0	42.6	18.5	3.1	13.4	7.7	3.2	57.4	15.4	42.0
1969	100.0	47.0	21.5	3.5	15.0	5.2	1.8	53.0	8.1	6.44
1967	100.0	52.9	25.5	4.0	18.4	4.1	6.0	7.17	3.1	44.0
1965	100.0	59.4	30.5	4.8	19.7	4.4	•	9.07		40.6
1955	100.0	77.4	6.84	7.3	15.9	5.3	1	22.6	1	22.6
					Rate per 100,	Rate per 100,000 Population				
1971	1981.5	847.2	364.9	66.1	265.7	86.9	63.7	1134.3	305.0	829.3
1969	1797.7	9.678	384.2	62.0	268.2	93.6	41.7	948.1	145.2	802.9
1967	1604.3	847.9	409.5	63.5	295.6	65.5	13.8	756.4	49.7	7.907
1965	1374.0	815.9	419.5	65.4	270.6	60.4		558.1		558.1
1955	1032.2	798.6	504.5	75.9	163.8	54.4	•	233.5	•	233.5

\* Includes estimates of episodes of care in residential treatment centers for emotionally disturbed children

## APPENDIX A

## DEFINITIONS OF MENTAL HEALTH FACILITIES

Psychiatric hospital. A public or private mental hospital where the primary concern is to provide inpatient care and treatment to the mentally ill.

General hospital providing psychiatric services. A hospital that knowingly and routinely admits patients for the express purpose of diagnosing and treating psychiatric illness.

a. With separate psychiatric unit(s). A separate psychiatric unit is an organizational or administrative entity within a facility which provides one or more treatments or other clinical services for patients with a known or suspected psychiatric diagnosis and is specifically established and staffed for use by patients served in this unit. If this is an inpatient unit, beds are set up and staffed specifically for psychiatric patients in a separate ward or unit. These beds may be located in a specific building, wing, or floor, or they may be a specific group of beds physically separated from regular or surgical beds.

b. With general psychiatric inpatient service. A hospital which knowingly and routinely admits patients with a known or suspected psychiatric diagnosis but for whom services are not provided in a separate psychiatric unit. Inpatient care is provided in beds set up and staffed for general use not specifically set aside for psychiatric patients. Such beds are in regular medical or surgical wards with no physical separation or isolation of the psychiatric inpatient from other inpatients. These facilities have not been surveyed directly since the inventory conducted in January 1969. However, information regarding these facilities has been up-

dated regularly since that time on the basis of other available sources.

Residential treatment center for emotionally disturbed children. A residential institution that primarily serves children who by clinical diagnosis are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally and which provides treatment services usually under the supervision of a psychiatrist.

Outpatient psychiatric clinic. An administratively distinct facility whose primary purpose is to provide nonresidential mental health service and in which a psychiatrist assumes medical responsibility for all patients and/or directs the mental health program.

Mental health day/night facility. A separate facility whose primary purpose is to provide a planned program of milieu therapy and other treatment modalities. The service is designed for nonresidential patients who spend only part of a 24-hour period in the facility.

Comprehensive community mental health center. (According to regulations in PL 88–164 and/or PL 88–165.) Facilities which form a service network providing comprehensive services and continuity of care for patients with mental illness and emotional disorders. As a minimum, the center must provide inpatient care, outpatient care, day treatment service, emergency service, and community consultation and education.

Multi-service mental health facility. A facility offering more than one major service (e.g., inpatient and outpatient, day and outpatient, etc.) and not considered to be primarily any one of the above types of facilities.

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